

Sunday Aug 10, 1952

101

[effective against the brown skin. The heads I brought are smaller than they usually use, but I have seen some colored ones of the same size. These are not opaque. They are solid white. Nice heads, from Czechoslovakia.

I gave a can each and a measure of tobacco.

I have given tobacco very liberally. Each time we go to a weyft I give a measure all around. Each time we have taken genealogies at camp we gave tobacco. That developed into everyone who was here getting a measure.

We gave salt all around 2 or 3 times. Then we discovered we had only one bag. Charlie needs it for his skins. We all thought we had 200 lbs. It turned out to be only 100.

We have used to date almost 1 1/2 gal Turp. Candle

People all want pipe. Cavity-tue for dome the washing wanted a pipe. Next time she wanted another, "a small one for a lady". I had a small one which she is delighted with. I gave her a scay the first time. Also a can of latcum. Last time a comb in addition. Her friend received a little jar of red ointment. Last time a scay.

I gave a scay to Thorea's wife after he had given us a goat. We gave him a pipe, a comb & a comb. He seemed very grateful.

Cavity-tue sold us a large goat for \$1.10 (after Musinyan asked \$2.) while he was away!!

Aug 10

102

Saturday we accepted Thore's goat, to have some meat for the "boys" to take to Jautcha, and I asked Dedenek to buy a second goat from Cavotjita. He returned handing me a pound saying the goat was small, so he had paid only 1 bob. It was as big as Thore's.

We are in good terms with everyone. This morning when we went to take pictures at group I, the greeting of the women was effusive and affectionate. They crowded around, shook hands, smiled and chattered. Only Sabe is not friendly. She has a habitual disgruntled expression and has been ~~so~~ ^{so} fishy if not hostile to me on 2 occasions. Once was when I asked her her name the first time she fairly spit it out at me. Again, the night of the curing ceremony I sat down beside old Gas and his wife at their skewer by their fire for a little while. Sabe came, sat down, motioned me away. It was not even her fire I was visiting. I left at once. Today she looked disgruntled, as usual but did not snap. She said thank you for the gift and was cooperative about the pictures.

This is Sunday afternoon. It is very hot. The last few afternoons have been so hot I could think of every reason just to sit down. I couldn't think of a good enough reason to go to sleep. Nor of a place to go to sleep. I've tried salt tablets. They do make me feel better. 3 are better than 2.

Aug 10

The camp scene is typical. Bushmen have come to spend the day. At my feet are 4 boys, back of them 3 men, gas I medicine, our igui and 4 gona.

Under the tree are Debe (Debie) several others from IV and all the Kankawa group - 27 in all. Under the Dodge are 11 boys and men. Two boys played the game for an hour. On the far side of the other Dodge are Thorea his wife and 7 other women and some children.

Under the tree the strange woman, wife of Noslay is playing the harp like instrument, singing softly and moving her head and neck as Indian dancers do. We took a picture that we are not sure of.

The problems of picture taking have come to the surface again. John & I both feel rusty, out of practice. My editing experience has served, as I knew it would, to make me more anxious, but not to make it any easier to solve the problems. John and I both feel sickish over it. It is almost impossible to get enough angles to avoid jumps. The action won't wait. People aren't in the right light. If we move them they lose naturalness and spontaneity. Our own temperaments add to the difficulties. Neither of us is systematic or coolly collected. We are so distressingly far from expert and efficient. I say things that annoy John. Then I try not to, all the harder. Nevertheless we had a good morning & interesting shots, though the jumps are not taken care of.

Continued 1 pm

Sunday Aug 10

↳ much better light feel on the group. We took another picture, the harp playing. Then ~~Goese~~ (Goishay) the strange little woman went down to a flat place and began to sing. The women followed. Soon a dance started - with little boys first then the men till most of them were in it. After a little while the remainder of Group I arrived old Gao bringing all the rattles. Everyone grabbed his rattle, started to put them on. At that point Goese's husband, the young Medicine Man? (one that was in dance at the 1st dance up at Musujai's kraal) came to say good by. Goese came and several others they set off, followed by many others. It seems that they wanted to dance and were all going up to their place (III) because it would be too far to go home late, especially for those who went into dance.

Debe came to say good by, very politely, and his women folk too. Their manners are charming. The affair ended with a woman from IV & Debe's wife asking for the fox body that John had been skinning for Charlie. We gave it.

Group I deserves the gift now of creatures - if we get any more.

When I was giving tobacco to the afternoon visitors, Group II some of IV and Iton-Kana people, Group I people who had had tobacco in the am. sat aside, and did not ask for more. Once when Gao (Medicine Man from I) had had his portion earlier he told me and did not accept a second portion.

Bushman are an appealing people. With the dozen who have been around the camp, ~~and~~ ^{very} all our stuff about, here and there around the outskirts, there has been no pilfering. There has been a little asking, but no impudently begging. The asking on the whole has been to point out someone who did not get a portion of tobacco, or to say that one had his share. Thorea's wife asked for a scarf, which I gave, because Thorea had given us a goat. They are both very appreciative. The poor woman has an eye malady, which is more serious than aureomycin ophthalmic ointment 1% will cure. She looks ill and walks weakly. Poor little soul.

I noticed today how straight Bushman men's legs are. There are no bow legs at 19 am.

The dancing styles are different here. Today the men all approached the women in a bunch. Not the usual circle. Arms are held out towards the women. Shoulders are moved in little bumping motions. Each person has a style of dancing. The old women often get up to dance a bit. Joese is the dancing spirit, however. She gives a special fever. Interesting woman. I wish I could get her biography. I think we must come back to gum. ~~It~~

If we should be with only Tume and Gou we would be able to study food well, but other matters might not be as well revealed by so few people as they might be here. There is a possibility that we shall explore to the west & find remote groups there who would be even more worth while than 19 am.

The party returned Sunday night about 8. They had a kudu and a gemsbuck. Charlie had used all the ammunition he had except 2 shells and the gemsbuck was not yet dead. He snatched up his Tommy with the shotgun + finished the creature, point blank, having to move when the gemsbuck looked away and freeze while the gemsbuck watched him.

We talked + talked about our next plans, in view of the fact that Tema was away.
9 drums of gasoline was left at Gantscha

Monday Aug. 11, 1952

The meat was taken care of in the am. While Laurence Jo and I conferred. The camp is to be reorganized physically + spiritually. Brian is to take charge. He, or Laurence and he, decides to move the "boys" out behind the storage place, to give them a weekly ration, have them cook for themselves. Philip, it was reported, would bring the group very friendly, sleeping together and chatting + laughing together. I was completely unaware of any tensions. Frederick helped Philip cook and serve and wash up. I go helped to. The tent is to be put up and the Stros moved into it.

Frederick suggested that we distribute the part of the meat we are not going to use, in small parcels to each individual. We decided to give the Kudu skin to Bebe, the gemsbuck skin to group I. The head to Iqigale of II. The stomach to the head man of I from Kankana, and the meat to individuals. It was so done: I took a bath. Laurence + Jo stood like functionaries while it was being done. I was pleased to have it so patterned. It is to be the tent itself.

7 gam

Sunday, Aug 10, 1952

~~John and I took moving picture of group
It was a satisfactory experience. The people welcomed us
warmly. Many had been away from gathering and we
had not seen them for several days.~~

Monday, Aug 11, 1952

[Faint, mostly illegible handwritten text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]

Tuesday Aug 12 1952

During the day yesterday it was decided to stay here for a time, not to go to Gaultaha to start with the strange group at Thin Thuma, who might not even be there. It was decided not to explore to the west till Picanin + I Nami return come.

Picanin + I Nami are due to be deposited at Cigarette on August 25. We shall send out for them then. On Sept. 10 or 11 - Jo must leave. In the interval between now + Aug 25, we shall work here. Between Aug 27 or 28 and Sept 10 or 11 we shall explore.

This is declared as a day of rest for the boys. We shall work again on Wednesday. We think at this point that Jo and some one else will start to find out about food here. On the whole working in the morning, I shall use Redcreek + I gas in the afternoons to work with Debe - on a biography - and I hope to finish the genealogies, and learn more about the formation of a band + the headmanship institution.

19am

Wed

Aug 13 1952

108

Jo, Lawrence & John started interrogation on food in am. with raduch & /gas. They got names of animal which ~~Paulman~~ hunt, and big animals & small animals. Big animals included otter & musk. Small animals included porow. There was information about poison given to.

I dressed Qui's toe. It looks terrible. It looks to have made no progress either towards gangrene or healing. I wish I knew better how to handle it. The toe was smashed when a drum of water bounced on it. The nail is torn off. The tip still a protruding lump of flesh. It still bleed. When I thought it was infected I kept aureomycin ointment on it. Then I wondered if it should be kept soft till the nail area healed over some. The smashed part looked deep. Now I do not know if it should be dried with powder or not.

Our staff has been moved from the kitchen area. They have made a circle of brush just beyond to the west. Philip has the kitchen area - and the shade to himself. He wanted it so. He did not want to cook for the staff, or have them by his fire. So the staff is without shade except for a few branches & a piece of cardboard. I suggested before Brian & Lawrence go & Elij. that a tarpaulin which is not being used be offered to them for shade. Brian said "Native do not appreciate kindness." I can not keep quiet. I said I differed from that opinion. Then Brian said some thing to indicate that kindness and interference meant the same to him. I told ~~me to drop the subject.~~ He is sweet & patient with me.

When the tents were being put up, Eliz. & I understood that the kitchen supplies would not be moved the following day, as the staff was to leave - day off. They were moved, all morning the whole staff worked. Eliz. was not consulted. She lost track of where things are. Was upset and in fact resigned from being commercial. What really bothered her was Philip not telling her what was dissatisfied - Instead he told Brian. We have a tendency to organizational problems & confusion.

In the afternoon Fredrick & Gas were with us. We took 2 more genealogies, I had questioned Gas (scary) about people leaving a band to form another. He says any one may go & take his family and others if they wish. The only reason he says would cause a part of the band to leave the rest would be to get food. One has a right to go to the place where his grand father drank water. (See notes)

On the night of Aug 14 Group IV began to dance & to have the evening ceremony at midnight. It is the dawn of the moon. It is the first dance we know them to have had.

In the morning when Lawrence got up, about 6:30 they were still dancing!

And at about 9:30 a good many of the men came down to our camp and stayed all day. 'Qui' is back from hunting - And a new piece appeared. B.S. See notes.

Igam Margetti Nuts

Thurs. Aug 14, 1952

Go: Lawrence interviewing on hunting on Wednesday learned that 5 men from group I was going to get Margetti nuts next day. They asked if we might go and the Bushmen agreed to take us. We wanted a moving picture of the white pines.

In the morning 19 Bushmen climbed into the Dodge. Go says in Bushman arithmetic $5 = 19$. There were 17 men, 2 boys, and 2 girls. Khea and Khowa in my party were Lawrence, Go, John, Charlie Brian, Alan Dedrick 194019. We followed the Gantcha spoon for about $17\frac{1}{2}$ miles (from camp) + turned off it to the left. The forest is due west of camp, Lawrence says. The total distance was $14\frac{1}{2}$ miles. Coming back, the distance from the forest to the Gantcha spoon was 3 miles. Going out we followed Bushman direction and turned off the spoon so that the drive, if the spoon was longer than 3 mi.

John had prepared a plan for the picture. It worked very well. It was a day of filming filled with pleasure and satisfaction, with out strain or regret at missing steps of the procedure. It was wonderful.

We took shots of the approach to the forest, landscape, and the Bushmen walking in file.

They were wonderfully cooperative - as I have had been. They did everything we asked, patiently & well. John asked them not to turn to look at the camera. They obeyed; even when he asked the line to stop and wait till he returned they waited without turning their heads. It is a great pleasure to do things with them.

W. M.

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Continued. Aug 14, 1952 111

We arrived at the forest, after crossing a ridge, and a hot sandy hollow full of yellow bush. The forest is on a ridge of red sand. The trees are handsome. They have flat tops, smooth gray bark. The branches are very big and round - like trunk of trees themselves instead of branches. ^{They are} We all had a drink of water. I heard John say he had 12 feet of film to run & then he'd need to change. So I sat down to make notes of the shots just finished. Presently I was aware that John & L. had not come back after taking 12 feet - so I set off after them. I heard & saw no one but I found their spoon. I could follow the track of the boots - but I never could have followed the Bushmen track - they went hither & thither, some of them looked like the spoon of wild cats. These were the prints of little feet walking on thin toes. I walked for about 20 minutes through the forest before I found them.

The trees are about 50 or 100 feet apart or more. Lawrence noticed that the Bushmen did not stop to look for nuts at every tree. He looked under the trees they slipped and found no nuts. Brian says some trees are male, some female. Which has nuts he did not know. (1, 2-3 skulls) (Female - I also see heard) ^{with piles of nut shells}

^{There was an abandoned weft, under a tree, with piles of nut shells.}
The Bushmen picked very fast & gliding swiftly, like shadows, among the trees. They picked bending over, with their hands, and some time with their toes, as they pick up digging sticks, lifting the foot to the back.

John & Lawrence were breathless keeping up and maneuvering to get shots in the right light. Glass Frederick & 1920 were helping. Carrying tripod & cameras. One ^{g. n. h.?} would stop to change a film, and trot on to catch up. Several of

Several of the Bushmen had disappeared. As we got to the western edge of the ridge we could see across another mountain to a ridge beyond, with many mangrove trees on it. Part of the group had gone there. The Bushmen called to them. They answered we called to each other. It was like the Mid Summer Night's Dream.

We found what the Nets are used for - that we saw in West I. The nets are carefully lined with grass laid lengthwise - and the nuts packed in the grass.

When filled these nets must have carried 60-70 pounds. There were bags of all sizes & shapes, and Karosses turned into bags. When all reassembled I estimated there were some 500 lbs ^{of nuts}.

There is no water nearer than 1 gm. ^{at this season, any way.}
We think some had been gathered & left in piles to be carried back on another trip. This may be why they so welcomed the ride in the bush, but they seem to enjoy being with us apart from any convenience we may be to them.

We were back at about 6:30, ^{Adair had a} wonderful day. ^{we had lunch in the forest about 4 pm. Did not}
^{give any of the} Bushmen, ^{was} ^{terribly} disappointed ^{not to}
The crop of Mangrove Nuts may be coming to an end, there were few left on the trees or on the ground.

Aug 15, 1952

Jo Lawrence & John went to group IV. Interviews on food. Mazytti nuts. ownership, forest, cooking. And Dream - turned up because they have dream of getting nuts. See note.

I reorganized, put stuff into tents, cleaned things, built a desk. at which John & I are sitting with a lamp this evening. With a desk, protected from wind, and with a light, I may be able to cope with the genealogies - if it stays fairly warm.

It is a joy to me to be sitting with John. He is working out another scenario. The one he planned for the Mazytti nut day worked like a charm. He is a precious, wonderful, adorable human being.

I interviewed Igi's, Group IV got very interesting information. He will be head man next. Do the son of the mysterious Igi's ^(see genealogies) turned up - visiting - a rather hairy come to join because they lack water where he lives. ^{Do not try to mix man with the list.} But he will stay with his wife's people and Igi's cousin (?) will be head man ^(see genealogies. This was very complicated and will be worked out by the genealogies)

I noticed Deba and his wife/Qa sa look a little strained as we talked, headman. Then they left. It was after they left Igi's told me this. It was a moving day. The expressions of interest and compliance, willingness to tell me are beautiful. I love these people. Jo said he never saw people in his life so gentle - sweet. He says when the babies cry quietly.

The most moving moments were when I tried again to say why I was asking for the information about their families. I said white people do not know about Bushmen. Bushmen live far away and white people do not know about them - do not understand them. I tried to find out if they have a word for understand, as distinct from teach and learn. Whether they have a word or not I did not find out - but they do understand.

They said they were glad I wanted to understand them, and they were glad to tell me. Nobody had ever tried to understand them before. Their expressions as they said this gave me still greater affection ^{for them}. The men who said this were the strong viril / qui q I, and the handsome qi!gae in his 20's, married 3 times, and Bo, his cousin, here for the first time, and the other / qui with the wide apart eyes.

Qao (scay) I who had been on guide to the Margehi nuts was listening. I met his eye and he smiled a little understanding, sympathetic smile.

Qao at I had said to go a similar thing. That he was glad to have no learn about Bushmen law and custom - but he would not want anyone to try to change these customs.

James asked Qao (scay) to go to Kai Kai to find Tuma - 37 miles each way. He agreed to go - saying it would take 2 days. We gave him an old Kudu leg for the journey.

19am (qum)

Fri Aug 16, 1952

115

Jo and Lawrence are undertaking to find out about the food situation here at 19am. They began by interrogating ~~at~~ group I this a.m. The arrangement is that they will have Fredrick and 19ad in the morning; I will have them in the afternoon. Jo had fun asking the animals they hunt. They gave a list of large animals which include ostriches + a list of small animals which include plover. They became most excited talking about killing rhinoceros. But it turned out that no one by the group had ever killed one. They described how they ran down animals; how they use snare ostriches. There is a different technique in snare from other bucks. See note.

They ask an old wise woman "Guse" if they are going to have luck in the hunt or that Maupetti's gathering. We must learn more about this.

There is so terribly much to do. I cannot begin feeling anxious not to be getting more done per hour. I wonder about changing our pattern to achieve greater efficiency. We are all dependent on Fredrick and 19ad. John needs them. Jo + I. Need them and I need them.

Sat Aug 17, 1952

I have not kept up my diary. A diary not written daily is useless. Everything evaporates to nothing.

Elij. Brian went hunting. Brought back a Kudu. He went to Nami. Also brought back 1/20 (one 1/2 cow) of last year's Beltong will be made. a project of Brian's. ~~at~~

117
them wrapping up the last man as fast as they can
while the fuse sputters. "Hair" he calls it. They
have not got water. Brian offered to help - and
that plunged him into a jam. From that he
undertook to interrogate Roberto, the ^{Verero} wife of
Muesujan, the Bechuana headman. He is
at heart an ethnographer. He has David with
him. The Verero boy who helps Philip. They
had not got on well, Brian & David, but
this sale into ethnography together may make
them friends. Brian does not know that David
complained about him. Brian is very fair &
very good hearted. He just feels a responsibility
for keeping the pattern apart - and not letting
any thing get out of hand - so he shouted at
David a couple of times over little things that
David felt unjustified. But they may draw
together now. Brian says David is more intelligent
& better educated than he supposed & quite
admires him. They are a handsome pair.
Both magnificent young men, each 6' 2" 3"
One so very black, one white skinned, blue eyes
with dark brown hair.

Tuesday Aug 19 1952

Preparations for the trip to Cigaretts are being
made. I went on walking in Geneologie. Lawrence
used Deduch and I got ^{Monday} yesterday & Tuesday to learn
about where the groups go in the summer. What
areas they consider their own. What groups
join each other. ^{How} they are in the dry season
and who is together & why. He has a map now.
The tent blew down in the wind & the reds pole fell on Joe's
head. I almost fainter from anxiety. He lay down with a cold towel on his

see "right" was a couple of hours and

Wednesday Aug 20 118

Go Lawrence. I Redneck & Gas started in group V
Went to their west - with Charlie. Charlie is
making a map of where the groups live in
relation to the water hole and maps of the
overfts. We found the place near IV &
found all but the old headman away-out
hunting for food.

I forgot that it was last night Tuesday
that there was a dance at III. We all went
at about 9:30 stayed till midnight. It
was a social dance. No curing ceremony.
The dancing was not the most lively, but the
dancers enjoyed themselves.

Suddenly in the midst of the group I saw
Muyka. Then old Gas came up to shake hands
with us. They are back from Kai Kai, and say
they are going to Gantscha.

Some of the people of II came to the dance,
the old woman who is the headman's wife
Khuam Na was an apparition. She had on a
long, much too big red dress. Many beads, and
a wristband with a feather.

It gives me a deep emotional pang to
see Bushmen in European dress. I feel it as
seeing pine away their integrity, dignity, beauty, ^{capable}
wonderful adaptation, knowledge, ^{grit} and independence and freedom and relating them
to the bottom of a culture they are utterly inept
in - in which they have no status, no knowledge
no competence.

At group III, the group that works for Musujau, the young men want to work for others, and to enter rather the nature of European civilization.

Qui ^(our guide) for instance, is related to group I. Qui of I told us that the group separated. Those who wanted to work for Musujau did so. The rest wanted to live the old way. It was Qui who said he did not mind our asking questions, but did not want anyone to try to change their customs.

Iqui has gone as guide to cigarette before he went he asked for clothes - saying it was so cold riding on the trucks. We gave him - it will be his wage for the trip - a pair of dungarees and a T shirt & gloves. He was very pleased put them on at once - and immediately looked like a very small under developed native. I am not taking a sentimental position about this in that I think they should not make this transition, nor have I any expectation that they will not ^{do so} gradually, more & more. It just symbolizes to me the hardships ahead of them that they know nothing about.

If they think white as like us what a shock is ahead.

If we were black skinned or even brown and had a choice as to where to live on the face of this earth where would one go? The Kalahari?

Debe (IV) is squatting beside me as I write. As though he read my thoughts he said in his indescribable quiet voice like the lapping of water on the shore for a breeze - that he hoped I would give him a blanket or a shirt & pants - as I gave to 1900 and 1901.

The giving at Igum has been fairly simple. We give tobacco when we go to the wefts to every one present. And we give it at the camp too - so there is tobacco supplied daily. We gave 1 1/2 5 gal tins of candy + salt. This we found we didnt have enough for Charlie's skin + had to stop.

The response is gratitude and polite expressions there is little begging. Debe asks for a bit more. When I refuse he chuckles. It is never difficult to refuse. They seem to accept refusal with understanding + resignation. There is never any clamor or insistence.

There has been no more about our giving food after it was explained to each group that we could not. We said several times to different people that we did not know how to get sleds. That we would not in any case want to take any of their food supply. We had to bring all our food. The trucks carrying so much the food must last us a long time. So the question does not come up any more. I said in the diary did I? When we first came that the administration people going through had told the Bushmen to stay here to answer questions we would ask, and that that led them to expect that we would give food. Also they had heard about our arrangement with ~~time~~ last year. So they stayed till they were entirely out of food. It is understood now. The groups go away for food, come back for water and tobacco. The first morning back they come here for tobacco.

The pattern appears of each group group every 3 or 4 days to gather or hunt. They stay away 2 or 3 or 4 days. They must come back for water. There is no water in the areas they go to. There is no food supply very near Gun. So they must go back & forth.

Did I say that Gao the headman of I said "If Gawa did not give Bushmen gardens so they must wander over the whole earth to find food."?

Thursday - Aug 21

The party left early in the morning for Cigarette. Those who went are, Jo, Elizabeth, Brian, Charlie, Carl, David & Gui (guide). They are going to take some men from Thomas Group as guides.

It takes so much energy to live this life. I am tired thinking of them travelling over the bumps, through the sand. They all seemed to want to go. Elij. didn't have to, just wanted to. She will cook on the trip. She throws herself into this life.

James & John & I went to I in the morning. We interrogated & John got more movies.

A new aspect opened up. It seems each band has a name. A whole job needs to be done to understand this. The names are for places with which the band is identified. One is called "Kudu Nose". another "There are lots of a certain tree there". Kudu Nose refers to something in the landscape. Now, does a man say he is a Kudu Nose, or that he comes from Kudu Nose.

Do sons/daughters take the place name of their fathers or mothers? Does a man or woman coming by names

into the band. Keep his own place name & take the band?
That he join by manage.

John is a gold mine for working at information -
there being so many different groups to check information
with. I wish we were more efficient. I am choked
by the amount we do not get done.

John is desperate about his picture. He
has put much work into planning, on his
camera etc. and is held back by not having
the computer. He must have them. There
are only a few days left, and I haven't
got the genealogies of I or anything in the
place name. Ah Me.

In the afternoon we went to group II. It
has been covered with stereo but not movie.

When we thought we were going to be
here only 10 days or 2 weeks we planned not to make
a movie study. As the place opened itself to us
and we found how intensely interesting & rich it is
and wanted to stay on - we still had a short
time in mind, thinking at no point we were going
to move to Gaultscha before the cigarette trip. So we
never got a well concerted plan established & John
kept getting left out. Now he is launched in a
movie study. So group II was to have stereo
put on to film - skins, types, individual songs
then normal things - what ever implements object
turned up to the good.

We arrived in good time after lunch - very hot.
And found the weft empty. Nothing looks more
deserted than an empty weft. The wind blows
the grass off the skins.
The Aero box -

Rovitzitue's

son - not by Musujar - was near. Four enormous
 oxen were grazing through the weft. The boys
 me with the great horns. The boy said the
 group left that morning to go to Kai Kai -
 that they were hungry - there is not
 enough food around here.

The mind flashed back to the afternoon before.
 A number of group I people had been here
 sitting in the shade of the tree which shelters
 the camera box - as is the wont of our
 courtless Bushman visitors. They sit all
 day, chatting, napping, waiting for tobacco
 never bothering us. I had interrogated
 a group I person - it was old + young - and
 about one of the group, which after 1 1/2 hours
 turned out to be his brother! I was
 exasperated. The questioning got muddled.
 They were - as happens frequently - answering
 the question about one person ^{whereas} I was asking
 and putting down the answer about another
 person - of the same name, of course. It is easy
 to see how this happens. And when it is all
 over the pattern appears - and one sees at once
 what the mixup is. But here the time was
 it was sunset before I gave the tobacco.
 All the 4 people had sat listening, patting
 in a word now & then - as though enjoying it.
 These visitings to the camp - every day there are up
 to 50 people around us - are like going to
 the theatre to them. Interesting things to see - a
 variety to a life otherwise without much variety.

* Insert - p. 124

19ai shas

The last to receive treatment were Gase and Tsa. Gase, mischievous and laughing lightly, came to me, lay down at my feet with a languishing gesture, clowning, to the amusement of everyone. I said, "Oh." Everyone laughed. I put the ointment in tenderly. Then Tsa threw himself down the same way. The laughter brightened. For Bushman this apparently seemed to be funny in the same way that it is funny to us. The incongruity of the languishing gesture to me, an old white woman - and the repetition of it. Two. A third repetition was not made. It would not have been funny 3 times.

After the tobacco had been given all around, a woman pointed to her eyes - a group of women. They were inflamed. I got the aureomycin ophthalmic ointment put some in. And then others pointed to their eyes. With my glasses on I pulled down the lids. There evidently was an infection going around through the group. People came up to me where I was squatting & squatted near me. Or I went from one to another. One baby cried. I left it - went on to other people and then came back. The father & mother held it and I put the ointment in. Jim becoming quite deaf. It wasn't too bad a struggle. Then the next 2 babies in their mother's arms let me put the ointment in without a whimper - bless their trusting, accepting little natures. Inset*

When every one prepared to leave they each came to me, smiling, shaking hands making the parting - or greeting - gestures, the extended hand moved up and down. I thought it was a specially ardent leave taking because of the eye treatment.

And ~~to~~ on Thursday afternoon we found it had been the final good bye. I would not have been so nonchalant & cheerful if I had known. I waved them away so happily - having fixed their eyes. I wonder if we shall ever see them again - the quiet old / quiet / who when he came here always sat alone; his talker glum wife; the cheery affectionate / ^{fair share} / ~~part~~, the

handsome (Jan Aug 21) 125
dignified quiet smiling. Was the head man's son.

How free Bushmen are, to pick up their belongings and go. How together they are. I remember them walking together over the burning hot miles to Kai Kai, 37 miles. Two days with women & children. One must sleep a night when one travels to Kai Kai with women and children. When they get there they will be together, all their belongings with them. There is ample water at Kai Kai - and is food more easily available? They will see there are many Bushmen gathered near the water of Kai Kai.

Group II has relations there. The ¹ Gaishep family who left to live with their daughter & her husband are there. Perhaps the word came back that food can be found. Perhaps they just want to visit. The Herero boy said it was to find food they left. I doubt if they would leave us and our cherished tobacco for a lesser reason. Perhaps they expect to stay for a while and return - but we shall be gone. Well - we have had a good time together. I mean good time literally and exactly, not the cliché.

We were with II less than with I + IV. One has ones favorites. What brings about ones feeling of favorite is closeness. Communication. I feel very near to Debe, a glance, a gesture, a few words mean a great deal, ^{but} we have been near each other. The tone of voice says so much. I felt near I as a group because we are the closest neighbors - but in addition to that I have become very much interested in the mild young head man, ^{Bob} who does not want his customs changed, and led the

schism of his group - Gao and his present group, not wanting to join the Bechuana - Herero life.

The interrogation - hated word - the Talk we had on menstruation and the blood ceremony was very moving to me. It was Thursday morning - before we came to the new aspect of the place-group⁽²⁾ names.

To go back. On Wednesday there had been a woman & two girls arrive - decorated with red powder and fat. Their hair covered & quite red. Marks on the faces of the 2 girls. Here is an example of the problems of notes vs diary. I have a long account of this in the notes. Can't take time to put it down twice. Am proceeding, as last year, roughly, to put down what I think & feel in the diary, data in the notes. It gets mingled, and there is some of each in both.

It is going to be a fearful job to write up this material. The woman was the wife of ^{Nao} Nai si IV! Huga. With her daughters! Khor! ~~the~~ about 10 and 12. One never knows the ages. 10 + 12 means they are not 2 or 30. They with! Nai si came to squat at my tent, away from the general crowd of 30 or so already gathered by breakfast time. I had no hesitation to plunge into the question of menstruation - thinking the decorating might have to do with the ceremony of the 1st menstrual. Frederick as he interpreted and Gao were both very dignified. Their tone of voice was different, respectful, hushed. The Bushmen were fazed, composed and dignified. No one was embarrassed.

* The Melians used a red stone. We heard
Bushmen used a red powder from a tree.
The interview brought out that the
powder from a tree was used to rub on
the Kauri, not to put the marks on the
face. Check all this.

See the stone
where procured
Why the stone - not the powder on faces

Yes, see notes. The stone is
used for the face markings.
The tree powder is the
Kauri. See Vocab.

Bushmen do not buy or sell.

Trade.

Infant acids

I shall not hesitate to ask about any subject what so ever. I just need time - everything else is open.

Well the decoration - poor word for it - is made with a powdered ^{red} stone. It is done to keep sickness away. The same marks are used in the Menstruation ceremony. She showed us how they are put on - answered all my questions about the ceremony. There arose an indication of a kinship pattern - because the Moller + the Moller's sister may not speak to the girl a touch but during the 3 day period before she is purified? (So that the concept?) Much to learn yet! The Moller's Mother or father's mother may take the girl to the field to purify(?) her, or the Moller's brother's wife (check this in the notes + by other informant) or if the girl is with her husband's group - or if the ~~mother~~ is + the daughter has none of the above relations the husband's sister may perform the ceremony ^{headman}. This raises many questions. I asked Gao to some of them. I wanted to go on with this subject here before going to Gault's for several reasons. The talk led to a depth of concepts and ceremonies. Gao is philosophical and reverent and a believer. Would we could stay longer with him. I don't think anyone in Tama's group has his depth. Gao (you) the medium man is reverent may be. He is simple. But he is not very intelligent or philosophical.

Fredrich was respectful and dignified again about menstruation. I learned from Gao ^{that} that Bushmen have two words for menstruation - one "not to shame the girl" and the real word. More to learn about this - i.e. what the words say. Gao does not know of the phrase we heard last year "to stand in a bush".

But when we got on to the blood ceremony Fredrich laughed with Laurence and some crack about Ilgawa. Laurence had not meant to be fictional - but he laughed. I implied and insisted that they do not. I said it was of primary importance. I'd said all this before. The blood ceremony is in the notes. There is still much to learn. Gao says before one can eat blood one must have the ceremony performed 3 times. Blood is mixed with medicine - by the oldest man. (But it must also be a medicine man because he said the medicine was given in the dance and gestured as the medicine man gestured.)
 The medicine is given by Ilgawa during the dance to the medicine man. It is not a stone or a tree. It is like needles of rain, glimmering. The needles go into the medicine man's stomach belly and he ~~pulls~~ ^{draws} them out when he needs them to use for the ceremony. Gao when he told us this spoke in a low reverent voice, like some one who might describe diving a brain. The Virgin

In the evening John & Laurence and I talked up the fire about moving pictures, the Mucalo, Mico & Man grapes & walls. The Recycle thing. The Edinburgh Festival - Mahsim, Zola, silver slip and real wax, cabbages and kips.

Saturday, Aug 23 1952

I neglected the diary and have written a poor mélange (Aug 14 to Aug 23) today. At this moment I am by the fire, with the smoke whirling slowly around. Fire moved four times.

Spring came. The temperature today was 93 at 2 pm. Yesterday it was 97. The heat yesterday brought all the insects out - of a sudden. A mantis dined with us, a yellowish brown one - or brownish yellow - about $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches long. He appeared on the edge of the table. Stared at us, motionless, fearless. I moved, his gaze followed. I was reminded of the Komodo Dragon's stare before he leaped. Faster than sight the mantis pounced - not at me, but at a bug that passed. And we watched it eat the bug. Its huge black eyes staring still at me, it held the bug in its short front claws like little arms & hands. It ate deliberately and steadily, first a wriggle, then the legs. It then ate the body. Nothing was left. After that it took a strange jerk, wiggled over the table. Small bugs and big bugs abounded. ~~The mantis~~ It had had enough and paid no attention to them.

There are things like ants - but mammoth. As a "big rig" to an Austin. A paradise for entomologists I should say. Our conversation turned upon tents and mosquito nets.

Lawrence had been exhausted today. He took a long nap in the morning, snoring beside me while we had the menstruation talk, waking occasionally to make a remark - exactly to the point, as if he had been listening all the time. I do think Lawrence's subconscious is more active and stronger than most. He took a nap in the afternoon and yawned away to bed at 8:30.

Today I was the one who suffered. I am usually

not overcome by heat & cold. Wind tearing my paper is a strain - but not temperature - except extreme. Can't work at night if it is too bitter - cease to want to work - well today, though it was me 93. I gave up. We had been photographing IV. ^{photography} John was getting the going for water & the coming ^{from the water hole}. All the women & some men were away at the water hole. We waited for their return, past noon - and toward me got the sequence - the line coming through the brush with the wayt carrying the skin bags prevalent here - ^{the} bladders & stomachs ^{animal} distended with water translucent in the sun. Pots & tin cans with green ^{leaves} ^{leaves} standing up - in them to keep the water cool & to keep it from spilling. Good shot. But I got hotter & hotter. When we returned to camp I lay down. I felt like a tube of tooth paste with the top on, being pressed, while wrapped in flannel in an oven. And this is my very early spring - mid august. Mid summer is December 21 - four months further into heat. Hum! We may have to just keep ourselves alive during the mid day heat. Not try to work. ~~There~~ shall institute a siesta. I didn't think as much about heat as cold - expected longer cold, have not balanced the clothes ¹²² well for so much heat.

The Nylon shirts are a blessing. With nothing under them they are as light as shade itself open and cool. I have one that is not transparent. I hope I don't rip it on them.

Tonight I am by a fire with a sweater & jacket on but it is not very cold. My about 60. Must be the contrast.

Spring came in the middle of the night. Wind then gradually climbing up from our 23° or 25° into the 30°

and into the 40's. A couple of nights ago I realized that I was too warm in my socks, bonnet scarf sweater, two pajama pants, down bag - 2 blankets + the canvas.

Spring - but nothing is green. The grass has faded from gold to lemon. The ^{grass} ^{is} ^{gone} ^{to} ^{yellow}, the brush to silver the thorns to white. The winds are hot and dry. They whirl the thick soft gray dust we camp in into our mouths, on eyes, on pens, books, food. But they are not constant - and are welcome on such an afternoon as today's. ^{the wind dies at sunset} The evening coolness is a delight at sunset time. One's life ^{is} ^{more} ^{revived}. One speaks to the boys and admires the great pile of wood, or remarks that the tents were neatly swept & the camp raked. They revive and tell a story or two - about hyaenas biting people sleeping in camp by fires perhaps or the myth of Karabib.

The moon was new last night - a delicate crescent above the sun set. The nights are still. I can hear the Bushman on the plain above us hammering Margetti's nuts, laughing, chatting, singing a little. I am lost to all other worlds - in spite of having written Nana a 12 page letter.

John has begun to dance. I hear the clapping and singing. I am too tired to go - for the first time Lawrence is asleep. John is working over his film - tried to dance - + darts

- III 2 Medicine men in dance. Moonlight
- I 4 medicine men in dance. "
- IV Dark of the moon - after a hunting-gathering trip from midnight to 7:30 AM.
- III No curing ceremony. a dance for pleasure in Dark of the moon.
- I Aug 23. New moon

Speaking of hyaenas - Lawrence on a night walk saw me a few yards from camp - its ^{green} ^{eyes} ^{glowing} - wide apart. Charlie has seen 12 snakes and caught a huge scorpion. The large bugs remind me of such things.

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Main body of faint handwritten text, appearing to be a list or a series of notes.

Second section of faint handwritten text, continuing the list or notes.

Third section of faint handwritten text, possibly a sub-section or a specific entry.

- III
- I
- IV
- V
- VI

of ceremonies + witch doctors.

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Sunday Aug 24 1952

132

This is my mother's birthday. I do not think, even on special days. The thoughts of her come, happily, when I am proud and happy about Elizabeth and John, and wish she could see them grown, or when I am troubled about them and wish I could go to her, or they could go to me with their troubles. Then I remember how I could go to her all my life, so freely, trusting her sympathy and understanding. Never once in my whole long life with her did she chide me or blame me. Always instead she understood and helped me. She did not thrust herself at others. Nor did she ever project whatever irritation, disappointment or worry ^{she might have had} into the troubles of others to make them worse. Neither did she ever manifest the weakness I have which I know reflects against others, of indecisive worried uncertainty, concern that preoccupies my emotions, and the not knowing what is best to do. I think of my mother's death. The thought is like a physical stab from inside upward and outward. Whenever I see death, the death of Kudus, or the delicate little birds, foxes, mongooses, ~~even~~ mice, shrews, even insects. It is not morbid because the stab is so swift and then it is over.

This Sunday is a day off. It is the first Frederick has had. Lawrence, when the system for days off was first discussed wanted not to have it an established expectation that Sunday would be the day off - best we needed especially to work that day for any reason. He preferred to declare a day off when it best suited the work. But that did not work out. The first Sunday at Iqum I worked with Frederick because we thought we had only a few days, and because I had not been able to work on Saturday - I forget why - and he had had free time that day. The next 2 Sundays Lawrence took him to Gantcha. It turned out that he cares about having Sunday as a Sabbath. He is assistant pastor of his church. The Sabbath has meaning to him. And he will not take a day off if others are working.

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*

Insert - re curiosity. Yesterday when we took
land camera picture. None of the group had
ever seen a picture. They looked at them with
delight pointing out and chattering that it was
qi! qae or whoever. But when Bo had his
picture taken, he did not get up to look at it.
When I took it to show him, he nodded and
smiled, as though it were a matter of slight interest.

No says it makes in jealousy, even if it is an earned + deserved day off. Carl particularly is not as mature in such matters as Nedouch; probably the other boys are not either. It has all worked out that Carl has not had one single day off - and is now on the Cigarette trip. I thought he wore his smouldering expression as he left. He won't get time off when he returns either. There is so much to do. But to go back, Brian had a strap plea to Lawrence for the boys to have Sunday, assuming Lawrence that if it turned out to be necessary they would willingly work. Jo agrees heartily with this policy. Today, whereas we are in a way panting to get more done, we actually welcome a sense of pause. I shall work on my notes all day, to try to analyze data, make things neater in the file.

It could be a full time job to keep up with the organization of the notes, photographic records etc. We are not teaming, as we said we would. Everybody is scrambling at his own objectives. The sense of being here in this rich, rich field for a short time throbs us. At Gaultscha we shall reorganize.

I hope the people at Gaultscha turn out to be deep and communicative - so that in the end I will understand. That is my objective. Collecting information is the means.

I have no more light than before on several points. Aggression - I still see no manifestation of it except that one boy is throwing out his father's bow. I see no institutionalization ^{red} of outlet for it. Mystery I I do not understand the lack of curiosity - unless Debe's saying he had no questions to put to me because he was confident of our friendship is a light on it. Mystery II Attitude toward pain is another. I have dressed wounds every day almost. Qui's smashed toe has been a primary concern. It does not heal at the tip. It must hurt when I dress it.

The first part of the paper is devoted to a general discussion of the subject. It is divided into two main parts, the first of which is devoted to a general discussion of the subject. The second part is devoted to a more detailed discussion of the subject.

Health

The second part of the paper is devoted to a more detailed discussion of the subject. It is divided into two main parts, the first of which is devoted to a general discussion of the subject. The second part is devoted to a more detailed discussion of the subject.

The third part of the paper is devoted to a more detailed discussion of the subject. It is divided into two main parts, the first of which is devoted to a general discussion of the subject. The second part is devoted to a more detailed discussion of the subject.

The fourth part of the paper is devoted to a more detailed discussion of the subject. It is divided into two main parts, the first of which is devoted to a general discussion of the subject. The second part is devoted to a more detailed discussion of the subject.

The fifth part of the paper is devoted to a more detailed discussion of the subject. It is divided into two main parts, the first of which is devoted to a general discussion of the subject. The second part is devoted to a more detailed discussion of the subject.

The sixth part of the paper is devoted to a more detailed discussion of the subject. It is divided into two main parts, the first of which is devoted to a general discussion of the subject. The second part is devoted to a more detailed discussion of the subject.

The seventh part of the paper is devoted to a more detailed discussion of the subject. It is divided into two main parts, the first of which is devoted to a general discussion of the subject. The second part is devoted to a more detailed discussion of the subject.

and when he hawks over the hot sands hunting a getting Mungettis. He does not cringe, or complain. This is typical of the others too, though their wounds are not as bad. I wonder if this has anything to do with expectation. They do not expect a doctor to cure them immediately. They are accustomed to bear what ever discomforts are common - cold, heat, hunger pain insect bites, without expectation of its being otherwise. They do not appear to suffer from any of these constant states. They appear not to pay attention to them.

There are other more specific concepts I do not understand yet. In the blood ceremony, is the spilling of the blood to feed the dead because they need food, or to propitiate the dead, lest their ill will fall on the living or to placate the dead who have ill will? - for what reason? If not placated or propitiated would the dead revenge themselves? for neglect? Do the dead send sickness? other evils? What, if any is the concept of luck?

I expect these concepts are not clear.

Frederick said the Damara people have the same ceremony. He, if he kills a big animal - i.e. - takes part of the heart + the stomach hangs it in a tree ^{some what distant} talking to the dead. ^{as he does this} He must talk to them as he does this. It is not a witch doctor who does this. He gives to his own ancestors food that they need? or expect! (?) otherwise, he says, he would have bad luck - the European word. He says that he takes his wife with him, so that if he should die she would know what to do and say. He stands behind her, puts his hands over her shoulders, and with her hands with his, they hang up the offering. If his wife were not of his clan he would not take her. She would have to talk to her own ancestors.

The menstruation ceremony with the Damara is

We have used 1 bottle of ink to date.

[Faint, illegible handwriting]

[Faint, illegible handwriting]

[Faint, illegible handwriting]

[Faint, illegible handwriting]

similar in pattern. The mother, mother's sister - father must not speak to the girl. She must touch nothing of their. She goes to a grandmother - either mother's or father's mother. Frederick says he does not know why these things must be but they are strong matters with the Damara. He says the Damara do not want to break the customs.

This may be light on the mingling of cultures Damara and Christianity. (Did I write before about Frederick taking his sister to a witch doctor who cured her after the European doctor failed to? He tries the European doctor first.)

Frederick is worried now about his wife whose incision from an operation 3 or 4 years ago has opened. ^{It is a hernia} He thought he was coming with us only 2 weeks. He decided to come even when he found it was for 9 months, and did not take his wife to the hospital. He says he must go out in September to do this - but that he will return. Beside the dream of being taken up into the air - from the open veld where he was alone - by Americans in an airplane he has other reasons. He says he is seeing things he never saw before. Bushmen and their life interests him. He says his mother told him his father was a Kalahari Bushman. I very much doubt this. Philip Dedekind if he has Bushman blood would be an example of the full dominance of Negro characteristics - This has not been our observation of mixtures here at Igam. Thorea's children for example. I wondered but did not ask if living with us was not one of the things he never saw before. He has told us of his life and its hardships. No such appreciation or consideration as we have for him appeared in his account of his life.

Kavitjitu washes our clothes. She comes here so that the water she uses will be boiled. She squats near the boy's place with buckets & basins in the boiling sun. The clothes are filthy. She washes

them very well. I don't know how except by the use of
 very much soap and very much scrubbing. John's and
 Brian's white coveralls come out snowy. Her sister helps.

I have paid ^{the girls} her for their several days work. I think
 they have divided the things between them. ~~and appear wearing~~

a pipe. Straight stem - with a metal cover
 another pipe - small for a lady straight stem no cover

another pipe - a large one - straight stem no cover

4 scarfs. 2 light green, 1 with red spots
 1 dark blue and green

a can of talcum powder

Tobacco
 coffee sugar } each
 lunch } tin

a jar of red ointment

a jar of cologne ointment

a belt - red

a string of round blue beads (from U.S.)

Costume jewelry given me by someone.

a comb

inelastic bandage

thread and 2 needles.

a small jar of vasoline

2 mirrors

They made their choice from my stores in
 the gift box. Kavtjitue asked for the pipes.
 Both girls are enchanted with the things.
 I wished yesterday I had a picture of K.'s
 face when I gave her the mirror and the
 cologne. "Ah ah, ah" she said holding
 the thing to her breast. Her delight was
 so dignified. She bowed to me a little bow
 of the head, and said to Dedench to tell
 us how grateful she was, and that she
 was glad to serve us and to get these
 lovely things. She wishes we lived here
 always.

They have washed huge filthy washes
 5 times. 5 days work for the above things.

Yesterday K. served for me - letting down my
 shrunken pants. and did not wait for payment.

[Faint, mostly illegible handwritten notes at the top of the page.]

Names - we are eating

Kavitjilue - we accept the will of God.

In Herrero - always use K - not C

" " Uses V Damara never - always W.

" " g is used with N - i.e. Ngoma.

[Extensive faint handwritten notes and bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]

They appear in the finery one wearing the beads no day, the other the next. and so they share. One scarf had a piece cut off - The piece appeared as a necktie on the younger, the two jet black prognathous sons of K.

Those boys have spectacular teeth. large square and white. They take good care of them, chewing the ^{root} things that clean them. [Name] ^{root} things ORUTAIUA The turps make their mouths bright orange inside. or are they roots? find out.

The elder KAUTJAERUA says his Mother is Kavitiitue his father MAHARE (dead). ask of mya boy

Kavitiitue is an attractive woman. Jo's notes about her tell how her people were driven out of So. West A at the time of the German wars, how they wandered, very poor, to Tsau. then to Kai Kai finally here. Their hold on life is growing tobacco, which they trade for cattle and so build up a herd. Musnyan the Beduana husband seems oldish and illish. K. seems to have the power. She is in full bloom as a woman. Handsome, gracious, dignified. and very pleasant and appreciative. I love to have her here to work, and to give her things.

Jo's and Brian's notes on the Igum settlement are very interesting. There are swarms of children. We have not straightened out who they belong to. K's sister has a child by a Bushman. K. says she found a Bushman baby, buried all but its head, at birth, but still alive. She took it and brought it up. That accounts for 2 of them.

I have not taken time to study the Igum group. I'm stuck to geneologies. It gives me a terrible tight, hot feeling in my tummy to think of all the things we have not learned about Igum.

Kavilgitse says the Bushmen do not buy or sell, that she + M. do not trade hides for Tobacco with them. Gao'I says too that his group does not trade with the Bechuana's & Hereros here. He says his father once traded at Tsau, but that he never did. His father got a blanket. Now where do the pipes come from & the metal for assegais & the wireframes?

John has 6000 feet of film - He created a documentary to be called The Water Hole. I yearn to see it. He will edit it. He has 2 more sequences to make. Now he has opened to this and taken hold! At last his creative powers are geared to achievement. Lawrence and I are deeply happy. K. & J. are planning to order more film, so John can feel an abandon of creation, not worry about using or wasting some footage.

The relations between the Bushmen & Hereros and Bechuana's at / gam is amicable. They do not seem to resent each other - The Bushman do not seem to feel alarmed about their water being used. A sense of possession about the wells seems to prevail. There is Thora's well. David's new waterless well, and a Bushman well. But I have not felt that anyone feels there is only so much underground water in general and that it, as such belongs to any one category of persons. There has been only generosity and helpfulness about our water. Thora helps us fill our drums from his well.

I must be thinking again about gifts & make a plan on paper lest I get nervous and distracted in the last days. I expect not to be composed as we wind up & leave.

John Lawrence + I spent some of this quiet Sunday morning discussing organization at Gault's. Who will do what, what comes first, what teams will work together. We are having a lovely time we three, cozy together. We miss Elizabeth, however.

No Bushman are visiting today. It is the first day we have not had a crowd of visitors. Why? Group I had a curing ceremony. But qao'I is ~~here~~ here. I is away gathering. IV Why not visiting as usual?

We were about to have supper when we heard the trucks. We were alarmed. We had not expected them for 2 or 3 days. Then Lawrence began to figure that it might be Dr. Kusche (sp) - that if anyone were hurt and they would have gone to govt hospital instead of back here. So I was calmed. In a few moments we heard David's high beautiful voice singing. All was well.

They had found the spoon to cigarette easier than we expected. The Power Wagons, free of the chews, went through the sand easily. The WNTA bus had come 2 days earlier than scheduled. Namu and Picanni were waiting at the Kraal of the Okavango guard, MOREME. The whole trip took only from Thursday morning to Sunday night - and Charlie had time to trap in the evening.

Jo has written a fine account of the trip which he found very interesting.

Eliz has a cold, but is in good spirit. She is so willing to pour hersey without sent me any interpuze.

(Who returned: Jo, Brian, Eliz, 1 Gu (guide)
Ngani Picanni - cf Jo's note)

a boy at I Aug 26 beautiful 19.
named Bo Mon, a gas fr. Cigulligana
is married to a daughter of the
new group that was at I this AM.
Her father is Temi
she is I Khoa.

Head on stones. asleep

I please (lie) with tea - Federal Sag. h
is a few - few always give you
a little bit before they take.

bi:ai's baby has her hair shaved

note recording of the names being spoken
several times by different voices.

What do they smoke beside tobacco - daga

(bird)
Gri's story about almost having a fight because
of being in someone else's territory

gam

Monday Aug 25 1952

140

We all plunged into work. I went early to IV finished odd questions on genealogies and asked Igqao - or rather he volunteered the answer - about trad and their relation to the Herero & Beelmaasbaa. It is a symbiotic relation. The account of Igum must be a chapter in itself - and should be written soon while the memory is fresh. When I get to Gantsche I'll do that as the first job - before starting anything else.

I plan that the food will be the first emphasis here, and that ^{en} I can pause. We had a long talk about it John H. & I on the quiet Sunday. Charlie might start by making a list of all the objects of the group. and so get a list for a class of an Ethno zoological shed. John might work with him, with his emphasis the preparing to photograph. Learning what ~~that~~ he wants to take how Philip are done - then photographing. I shall catch up. I'm afraid Ely. will be doing map things as she always does instead of having the comfort of doing one project of her own. She will record for John.

Jo had Dedush - 1 gas in the afternoon - He takes to Igao (interp.) and Igui on hunting territories.

Pecanin and Name are in process of working out the pattern. Name does not understand Kuy. His language is quite different. He says - It is Herkon. We did not know how different Herkon is from Kuy and hope - even if it is quite different, that he will learn it quickly. Name says these people are very slow to understand. I think he thinks they do not speak proper Bushman. I haven't yet connected much with Pecanin. He brought the news that Philip's wife is ill.

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Stealing

Iqam

Tuesday Aug 26 1952 (41)

I went to group I in the morning. My aim was to talk with Ilgac but she was away. Instead were some twenty new people. They said they belong to Gao's group - and had been away getting food at Iqae. At T^{SP?} near Iqae where they had no water but were eating the roots that supply enough water. See notes. It was too late to get their geneologies but they threw light on sizes of bands and movements. Among them was Gao's sister who was able to supply data that he did not know or did not tell.

I do not know which. When a headman does not know his people it indicates that the teaching of geneologies is not emphasized. Indeed I do not think at this point that Bushmen "teach" their children very much. The children learn by being present + participatory. So many people ^{said they} did not know their names that I take it as evidence they really do not know - + it is not emphasized - as it might be in some kinship patterns. So I assume Gao did not know some - and did not divulge some. His sister explained very much that was interesting.

It was a propitiation morning. There seems to be a tabo against saying the name of the man who marries one's daughter.

In the afternoon we recorded sound. Two musical instruments ¹³³. Igi!gas played for us and sang a plaintive song, a little, hardly audible song. It said ~~"I married a woman who did not want me"~~ "I am a man who married a woman who leaves me. I am very sorry." He had the same look I have noticed before when he played is when staring into space. I. K. Hoa, Da | Gao Scans I + K hwooo.

19am 142

The story is that I K'hoa left him and returned to ^{group} me. because of the jealousy of ^{his} 1st wife. The night we heard screams and thought someone was caught in a trap it was I K'hoa crying. Iki'gae is a handsome young man intelligent, interesting. I feel him responsive and understanding. I've been with him a lot. he is often the one who answers my questions. He does look plaintive.

The evening coolness was particularly welcome. I was exhausted, I took 3 sweet tablets - and felt better ~~fortunately~~. because as we were planning to go to bed early, we heard singing from the top of the mine where group 2 live. We have discovered that is what they call themselves - Top of the same people. We did not hesitate. We put on our boots, extra sweaters, jacket, knee coats, scarf - and walked up.

Some time I shall try to describe that experience. Jo and I came back to camp at four thirty five, the last of our party. Brian, Ali, Jo, John & I had gone up. Frederick, Philip & Name joined us. Brian has a cold. He soon fell asleep. When he woke he said he got a great fright. He forgot where he was and opened his eyes to the eerie sight of the dancers in the fire light, while the medicine man gurgled and shrieked.

Scrap to Save
Nails to headmen
paper to headmen

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Main body of handwritten text, consisting of several paragraphs, mostly illegible due to fading and bleed-through.

Igan Wednesday Aug 27

143

John - Lawrence will leave tomorrow morning for Garbetsche. We shall pack - give gifts - say goodbye and leave early today.

What an experience we have been for the Igan people.

I went to IV this morning, again to look for U Guse the interpreter of dreams. Having slept all night she looked very ill - a tiny wrinkled little old woman. I almost wept to see her. She said we would not trouble her - giving up an interview I coveted. And she wrapped herself in a little gray bundle in her karo and went to sleep at my feet. We spent the morning talking to the medicine man Temi (Demi) a fascinating man. People woke up U Guse to receive her tobacco.

On discovery of the morning, based on questions based on seeing the dance the night before is that there are women medicine men - women shamans. (see note) and that U Guse though she interprets dreams is not a shaman.

In the afternoon I puttered - the packing started. I accomplished little.

Tonight it is cold we are around the fire. Go + Jo. Go is literally around the fire - moving every few moments away from the smoke to chairs he has posted at different points.

He has suggested that Seve, Gao 'I's wife may be the power in that family. Gao he remembered my saying had impressed me as a weak young man. I came to find him perceptive, serious, willing to help us understand, conservative, wanting to live the old way - telling us the law, the ideal of a situation. I'd forgotten if Jo said he was weak. Seve is disgruntled, almost hostile to us. Jo said he heard her name spoken at the

* Insect I'd meant not to give a pipe to anyone but
Debe & 'gi' gas but did give me to 'gui'
because at the end he was the one
who straightened out about Debe's genealogy.

While I was disintegrating cans etc. I asked
Neduch to get genealogies of 3 people who
came with B's whose genes we did not have.
It turned out that no woman was Debe's
father's daughter - where as he had said
he did not know if his ^{father} had a brother. 'Gui'
gave the information. Debe looked downcast
He said he forgot. of 'gui' saying he did
not know.

Are there tabs about more names than
the man who marries your daughter?

144

since last night, & wondered if she was an influence in the group. This did not occur to me. It is good to have many minds bear a lump. Well - we'll never know because he at 1 gam we can't observe people in such a way as to get to know them. I did not hear his name but heard the word Samba used frequently. I wonder if I mistook Samba for Sabie (which is how we hear Fedeuk's spelling of Seve)

11am Thursday Aug 28, 1952

John Panner, Picanin Teekay. Now qi!gae and Sankho now Tsamkho mounted the jeep and set forth for qantscha. Jo came with me to give our gifts to Debe's group. We counted the people again - adding the late arrivals and got 53. We left 2 cans each, a strip of white heads each, ^{giving} 3 strips to Iqasa because she is the headman's wife. We left 5 pieces of candy for each. And to Debe we gave a pipe ^{and a nail to Iqas: 5 of me and 1 of Debe}, also to Iqi!gae also to Iqui. To Iqi!gae it was for his giving information every time he was present in the group, and for his song recording & the movie of his playing his violin. To Iqui it was for information. He was then present and helped to make things clear. ^{I left about 15 bottles in a pile.} The round of tobacco to all present closed that. There were only 1 present when we started. Other came back from getting water etc. There may have been 15 or 20 when we left. I shook hands with most. They did not follow us to the jeep but crouched around the tin cans with very much to say. Debe asked us to distribute them - or expressed something that made Fedeuk ask me to do so. but we did not have time to left. Debe did not seem to have a masterful bearing. I hope all went amicably. Too bad not to have been able to stay & see what happened.

In the early afternoon we took gifts to I. I had given them 1 can each ^{and a strip of white heads each when}

I thought we were going to leave. I gave 1 man can each - 2 more strings of beads to Seve, as headman's wife. a pipe to gao headman and a pipe to gao of the scap. He has been the best informant of all. He is intelligent. He understands what one means, what one wants and is willing to tell us and make us understand. When Lawrence wanted someone to go to Kai Kai to find I Tema (now goma) he was willing to go.

Also gao scap had made a net for us. When John was photographing Maripetti nut cones he had asked if gao headman would take some files and start to make a net. Gao said he did not know how. It was gao (scap) who knew. So gao scap when he was asked made a net. He showed the rolling of the files into cord. Instead of a few squares - he made a whole net in less than an hour.

The files cord looked so like commercial string that I wondered. But he brought us leaves that he makes the fibers. They are up right spiro like v shaped in cross section. Not alone as we see the alk around us. but possibly related.

Next day go asked if he would trade the net. He said he would be glad to - for a shirt. go took the shirt off his back to give it. Gao was very happy.

By evening the trucks were packed, tents & all.

We slept as when we are travelling with a minimum shield to pack. I feel quite ill & went to bed at sunset.

Elizabeth doctor had brought supper to my bed. I had a slight temperature - She gave me 3 chloroquine and 2 aspirin and tea - and tea again before she went to bed.

19am Friday Aug 29 1952

I had quite recovered by morning. We were ready to start at 8:55. But before that all of I came down and a few of IV - all of I that is except I Gui. I gave a few more odds and ends. Flash light batteries make lighters there were 6 I gave 3 to the men in IV + goma. gao & some more and 3 to men in I I gave old gao and Gui with the wide open eyes. A piece of thin wire to gao to give to Seve. The bottle that were left of I, to pick up and distribute. Then seen, as there were not enough to give 1 apiece. A nail to Gase &

several people had asked for shirts. I had said we had none. So Friday am. decided to give 2 of the

122

face; i.e. She had asked for grease to soften a skin for the baby, showing me that the skin were too hard. She had asked Lawrence to kill a kudu sapling she needed kudu soup. Lawrence said he wouldn't but said I might give some biltong. I took over 4 pieces later.

In the afternoon after lunch we had a discussion of Elizabeth's going out - John's staying in and all the involvements. Elizabeth wants to go. I want John to go to see a doctor about his cough. Lawrence won't let me stay with John - for fear of fire, lions etc. John has coughed since May. Lawrence says if he is still coughing in another month he will send him out via Tsau and the WNTA bus - provided we can get out in case of early rains. Lawrence feels sure the cough is nothing but irritation from coughing and dust. John does not feel really well - but does not feel really ill. He is working very hard.

Next Lawrence John took seven

In the late morning visitors arrived at Hona's (I Puna's) weyt - from Gura. Several women and children came - the men had stayed at our camp. The women went first to a tree at some distance and sat down. No one waved or took notice! Nai told me they were from Gura. After about 5 minutes I Huga (I Mupka) and Di'ai went over to them. Then I walked among them. I Huga (Mupka) had given a pouch of tobacco to each. They put it into whatever container they had and dusted their fingers off under their arms.

In another five minutes the group was sitting at (Kuso / Kosha's skem talking away to (Haga / myka) and Dillai they did not come to greet (to see the baby - while I was there at least. I gave them all tobacco.

After lunch the men of the group were here. I gave tobacco to them. 2 of them with + Gome and Qao went off to hunt with golum in the jeep. The story of these hunters will be in (Golum's note. They chased a faefel hound? in thin thuma pan. + Gome fell out of the jeep. One of the young men cut his behind bonyonip in some thumpy sharp. + Gome lost the metal point of his arrow which he shot at the faefel hound. They did not catch it - no anything else. This morning they were hunting + caught a huge lizard. They eat it - but it is not yet eaten because golum wanted to photograph the skinning + hasn't given the time to that yet.

There is so much to keep up with - Gome and Qao tried to catch an ardoark. What day? This morning or yesterday. + Gome set fires to smoke it out - Crawled into the holes - One he went into very far - and came out head first bonyonip turned around inside. They are giving their all to the hunting.

After the departure in the jeep (Gome) went to take pictures of the baby. (to would

one to Gas' I headmen me to Debe. Gas was there and received him. Debe had to be sent in. The truck started - one waited for him at the foot of the hill. He was all of a fumble getting into it. a very happy, excited fumble.

There is more about gifts.

Caritgitue washed on Thursday and mended veil in 2 of John's coveralls. I gave her, and her sister - 2 pink scarfs

Some cold cream

2 jars of red ointment

3 Needles

a little coffee - sugar

Tobacco

White beads for

herself

her sister

the tall son

.. middle .. who wanted

Kakurumehe, the ^{strong} ^{in his} ^{wife}

young son.

Several Cans

Thursday also a number of III people came to camp. To Thorea who gave us the goat. & helped John with the water. We gave a good strong pair of dungarees.

Iqui (guide) had received a pair of dungarees & a T shirt. Hao had received a pair of pants from Philip.

Philip should get something in return for this from us - as I didn't give Hao anything more. though he worked for us at camp a lot. The difficulty is that our / gas on whom the expedition hangs receives me 10 shillings a month. A shirt or dungarees cost £2 1/3 giving Hao anything more - or Iqui would upset the balance there. Nam who so far is no use - gets 120 shillings a month. I shall give / gas May clothes and jewels for his bride when we part.

We gave beads and cans to all of III. The woman who was the apartment at the dance at III was there - in an old dress. She got a share.

Those who lived on Musunjai's land as far as we know are: (Jo has notes on this I A! Nam. Said by Cartjitu to be a headman

He had 2 wives. The younger was the daughter of Gase of II children?

11 a0 + 3 children. His wife is dead

He is a son of our # Goma's (Tuma's) father's sister
Di! Khas who lives at Kai Kai.

Iqui and Di! ai and Gasa their daughter

Thorea and ! Huga and 3 children

The old woman in the dress

There may be more young people + children.

Musunjai. ^{the Bechuanaland headman.} ~~Cartjitu her sister~~

3, Cartjitu his wife
- her sister

3 very prognathous jet black boys with great square white teeth. Not all, at least, Musunjai's sons.

David a Herero who is making the new well
visitors came and went, Hereros + Bushmen

The family of mother-son-sister-brother complex
also lived near there. (Gase/Guse (Nose 700)
Correct this from notes.

get name
from notes

I neglected to note the episode of the intestines.
As last year there was no pilfering around our camp
at Igam - with one exception. The record is broken
or rather cracked with a small crack. Only a fifty
people would sit around the camp all day.
Some under the tree where the cameras were
and where there was wire and tools, others
out by the truck - where there were tools. I
had kept all the tin cans to wash and
give as final gift. They were out in the
open. Nothing was touched - Nothing
except a piece of decaying intestine which
Charlie was repurposing for bait. It
was not thrown on the ground, looking
as if it were thrown away. It was
in a box. This was a theft. Who
did it we have no idea whatsoever.
There were Herero children and Bushman
children about. Adult Hereros,
Bechuana and Bushmen.

He left the day after I left to get go in Washoe. Without
my seeing him again. It seems odd he would stay away
from camp during our visit. When there was the likelihood
of receiving gifts.

(There are greater values than Tobacco gifts.
Group II left us and our tobacco - without their final gift
though they did not know perhaps ^{that we would give anything}. Yet they had heard
of us from last year.)

Soon after Mesinjan left, Mr. Bent came. ^{was}
wondering if Mesinjan were escaping him - or is ^{being} ~~held~~
forcibly detained or what.

Iqum had been a valuable and agreeable experience.
I have only no regret. At the last moment - we were
aboard the trucks but me - a woman showed me
an babies' sore eyes. While I was finding out
where the medicine chest was - & finding it was
in the aluminum box under many layers and
lashed under a tarp. She left. I did not
insist on repacking but was saying to
myself to have the Med. chest accessible -
and I got hurried as I felt Eugene walking
for me to stop talking - and I didn't say a
careful enough good bye to all I wanted to
just a final wave. That and the eye sore
my only unfinished business - or regret from Iqum.

Charlie had wanted to hire Iqui the son too as a
skinner. He said Iqui was interested & had a delicate touch.
Yes! The headman had been consulted and had urged
Iqui to go - we were told. Iqui had had an interview with
Lawrence & me. Lawrence ~~had~~ ^{had} him Iqui said he could not
leave his wife & children, but if they could come to work
come. Lawrence pointed out that we were to study how
Bushmen got their food and would not give food &

the Bushmen. He asked if Iqui's wife receiving food would make any complications. Iqui laughed. He said his wife's sister and her husband were already at Gautsche. He said they would they Iqui + his wife Haaga would live with old Gae. Then on further question he squirmed with quiet laughter and said he + his wife would eat at night when no one would see. This was a great joke. Sounded to me like a joking threat like "I'll kill you if you do that" maybe. Do they secretly eat at night like the Serions - or is that so terrible that it is unthinkable that any one would really do it so is a joke like "I'll kill you", or what Lawrence said the days are getting longer + the nights shorter. Iqui said "the night as long enough" - and laughed and laughed again.

Well. Thursday afternoon at the West. Iqui told Dedee he was not coming. The reason he gave was that he had some meat and could not leave it. That is all we know. We wonder much. We are all disappointed. Charlie will look for someone at Gautsche.

The trip on Friday was hot but not a really hard trip. The spoon is bumpy but ^{easily} ~~readily~~ seen. We saw a mother + baby quaffs + pechal, vulture at Nami. I felt pretty well. We traveled from 8:55 to 4:05 with luncheon for lunch.

At the water hole at Gautsche were Kov Shap and many other Bushmen. Lawrence soon drove up from his camp site. We were together again.

At the camp site Tuma + Gow was waiting. Tuma greeted me warmly as "Noma",

Insert - I gave all the assembled Bushman tobacco. There were some 50 to greet us. They smiled shook hands told me their names nodded and said "Eh Eh".

Before dark they left. One group filed away to the south - another to the west. # Goma (on Tuma) lives very near where we are camped - above Elizabeth's Baobab tree.

He has a small group.
Hemisy and !ti (!qoo)

Gow and Di!ai
!lou (on !!cow) and his wife.

Di!ai's baby has very bad eyes. We think one eye is blind.

Same Gow is away with Di!ai's brother - So is her mother !Nowka (Now!Kaga)

About a dozen men returned in a long line each bringing 2 or 3 trees for wood for us. # Goma (Tuma) leading Gow carrying a tremendous load of 3 big trees they smiled - threw down their wood, and went to sit by the boy's fire where Frederick was recovering from his attack.

Gow too. And little Samko Tuna's son - saw
 "Tuna Tuna". I saw now 1920 - I reminded each other of "Gautsche Da
 little Dai is here". I kissed her - hugged her, & she hugged me. (insert?)
 The coolness of evening proved us enough
 to eat supper - except Teduch who had a
 heart attack or heat attack. We gave him
 spirit, ammonia, hot water, & laxatives
 indigestion pills. He went to bed & was
 better in the evening. As we leaned over him
 he printed HART in the sand with his finger.
 He had no temperature. I

We went to bed about nine - hunting of ants
 & problems.

Before supper Brian - John attacked the
water hole. They the story is that on the 1st trip
 they had been examining the water hole and found
 a soggy place in the reeds behind where the
 women dipped. Brian standing on it had
 fallen through. They dug enough to give them
 cups of water there. This evening they took spades
 and barrels buckets and began to clean out this place.
 They took 120 buckets of ~~the~~ sediment & water out -
 emptied the hole down about 6 feet. There was about
 3 feet of water, then, with mud below. They could not
 feel hard bottom with a stick. They think there is
 a pocket or trap cave to the side.

In the morning ^(Saturday) the hole had filled. They
 took out 4 barrels Saturday morning. The hole went
 down only about a foot. Sunday morning it was full
 again. Water easily reached by someone crawling on
 the bank.

The hole looks like a glacial pot hole in rock,
 was not made by glaciers. but is a pot hole.

~~John said when he~~

[Faint, mostly illegible handwriting]

[Faint, mostly illegible handwriting]

[Faint, mostly illegible handwriting]

Birds abound around the water hole. Saturday morning four grouse were drowned in it. Sunday morning two more. There are little birds by the hundreds, and Sunday morning there were many big beautiful Crested Hoopoes? We spent our breakfast hour discussing what to rig up to keep the birds from drowning.

Three logs were laid across - 2 are above water level now, one submerged. One can stand on that one holding on to the 2 above if the water is low. Everyone is encouraged and pleased about the water.

Only I mentioned Balharzia. Brian, John and several of our boys got into the water. Brian to my amazement said he knew nothing of Balharzia. John said the water hole had to be dug - so we dug it. Laurence said that too. I hate Africa one whole part of me hates and fears Africa. But I walk that part off and go on living in another part. What I can't control a cope with I set aside.

Scorpions - there were 5 killed as we broke up the Igam camp. 2 under glass's bed, one under my dressing case, + 2 others in the food supplies. Now that spring is here, and the days 93, 95, 97, the nights in the 40's insects abound. Beetles and flies are going to be a trouble. The sleeping bags have already been nibbled at. Flies are to be disregarded along with the 4 D's danger, disease, dirt, and discomfort.

Security
gentleness

name of wept.

wood

John & Picaun's account
of conversation bet
G. Sae & Gama-

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Gautscha

Saturday, Aug 30, 1952

The site of the permanent camp is chosen. Lawrence + John searched the ridges and found nothing better than a place on the bank above the pan where the near the water hole. A little knoll will allow drainage. There are trees 50' - 100' apart one for the boys one for the kitchen one for the camera tent and another for general shade. They are not large but they will do. The water hole is near. Best of all + Goma's weevil is near. We hope the ground under is not full of ants.

Work of building the camp started - about 10. The early morning had been given to work on the water hole, filling drums boiling - getting wood - work on the camp site continued till 1:30 through the noon heat. The boys looked almost overcome. Brian took aspirin + lay down without lunch. At 3 they started again.

The heat of the day is terrible. I mind it more than I have ever minded heat. Age is telling on me. The sun light is weighted. It presses on me + peeled and shoulders.

I stayed in the shade all afternoon. There was a life saving breeze. Still I suffered from the heat. And still at night I wear a sweater + a bonnet. Perhaps the extreme range is intery trip. I have been very tired.

And Sat night I had a recurrence of my Thursday ailment. Chills + fever and general misery. No sore throat, no intestinal upset. Just the aches + misery of temperature.

Ely took care of me again. She put me to bed + gave me Chloromycetin. At 11 again she gave me medicine - and in the night when the moon was in the west I was awakened by her leaning over me with a capsule and a cup of water.

Aug 30 1952 153

Trudeuch 1940 and I started on kinship terms. There were some 30 Bushmen present. After saying I was glad to be here and pleased to see all of them, and after a conversation with !ū r Di'ai, I treated Di'ai's baby's eyes. I think he is already blind in one eye. The other is infected but does not look blind.

He cried. Di'ai and I have exactly the same manner in handling babies. We understood each other so very well. I waited. Then I gave him some ^{pieces} paper out of the cigarette box. In due time she took him forward from her hip around a little, and held his head. He howled. I gave her 2 pieces of gauze wet with boric solution. She washed his eyes. Then held him tight while I dropped in Pont.aine. He yelled. She nursed him, stood & bounced him, crooned to him. Walked around with him. I made a motion to put in the auroomicin ophthalmic ointment. She said no, wait a little longer. When he was calm, she brought him & held him while I put the ointment in. !Nai held his hands.

After that I asked who would volunteer to answer questions on kinship terms, and an old man offered. We began what will be a long struggle to get them clear & accurate. They are immensely important. We got through - in 3 hours - Father Mother Brother Sister with all the complexities - Man speaking. We'll be weeks on it. See Notes.

In the late afternoon (!Tuma) #9ma came to camp. I was miserable - thought I was having a heart attack but couldn't resist talking. What started as a chat turned into a talk about the water hole, about his relatives and the vexing question of name relationships.

Fredrich wanted to translate though he looked
rocky, too, after Friday's attack. He said if he did not
work with me he would be uneasy about not working
with the other boys on the camp. He wants no jealousy.

John in the evening told me about a conversation
between #goma (our Tuma) + Iqi'gae around the fire
the night they came from I gaa - translated by Picanni.
#goma + Iqi'gae boasted to each other about how many
bucks they had killed. Iqi'gae had recently killed, he said

Iqi'gae then said that #goma was not interested
in hunting animals. He hunted women.

Our temporary camp here might be named Lion
Camp. Our ant hill in our midst is like a sculptured
lion, a noble beast, lying like a sphinx, head erect
gazing at the Baobab trees.

I'm writing this all very badly. I am so often
too hot, or too cold, ^{it is too windy} or too tired to think or care
what I write - or to remember much of the detail
or in fact the experience or its significance in larger terms
than its bodying forth the detail. Oh me, I have so much
to do - and less than usual energy.

Sunday, Aug 31 1952

A lioness and a cub last night walked
within a few yards of where Brian was sleeping
seeking withdrawal from the group some 30 yards from
the fire, and within five feet of Picanni, who
also had withdrawn from the row of men who
sleep close together with a barrier of brush behind them

reverse

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and the fire at their feet. The lioness examined our new camp site, walking up the spoor the truck left in the soft dust, ~~noisily~~ and delicately sniffing I imagine, the canvas tarp over the kitchen place, perhaps peering into John's half set up tent. Then it went to Goma's (Tuma) west.

Fredrick had wakened ~~in the night~~, between four and five hearing Tuma yelling, and seeing his fire blaze up. Fredrick's ~~description~~ ^{imitation} of the sound Tuma made, and Fredrick's gesturing and prancing as he imagined Tuma scaring away the lion, are something to remember.

Picatin is the object of excitement and jokes. A lion wouldn't eat Picatin, some say. Others that his relative came to visit him last night. Brian says the lion wouldn't touch anyone - as indeed it didn't.

To and I walked about this Sunday morning. There is no me lion in Goma's west. Our boys are resting in the shade - a Sunday of. This is the first day of Carl and some of the others have had. I am thankful it was so decided. Brian himself is sleeping.

The lion had been to the water hole too. I don't have the emotional wherewithal to get excited about lions, no experience, no associations, no developed fear. I remember all the horrible stories but they remain detached from me and my experience. I suppose the creature could be anywhere in the tall waving golden grass - but I can't believe it in a full, real sense. I'd willingly exchange an attack and fight with a lion for my ^{deep} gnawing worry about Belhazia. To says he heard in Cape Town this trip that there is a cure for it. If that water hole is infested the boys could have it. If it is not - that is that. When will we know?

In a few days Elizabeth will be 21. She and John talking together the other night were wondering where their friends are, and saying that in 2 or 3 weeks college would open.

When we arrived on Friday afternoon, Ely went off alone and climbed the Baobab tree. Presently several little Bushman boys climbed up after her. She is modeling a Venus. But when the little boys came up she let them model. They made waist hoops.

The boys at 1 gam made female figures - for all the world like the Venus of Laurel. Same heads, big breasts.

To say the outstanding characteristics of Bushmen are security and gentleness.

To say if the lion comes around tonight he will attack it with a cooking pot.

It is 2 o'clock. Philip has had lunch ready since 1. No one has appeared.

I have been thinking about Margo very much for many days. I think about friends often, wanting them to share any experience that is moving or interesting, imagining letters telling them about things - letters I don't write. But Margo I wonder about. What has happened about her house, about Margie, about Hood - perhaps in three weeks we shall have letters.

There are no Bushmen at our camp. Two men were here this morning for a while but none else. Ely met Gao standing off with his bow & arrows. She asked him if he were going to hunt the lion. He said "uñ uñ". Five other men were reported filing away to hunt, and another group of five in another direction. Elizabeth found a number of the women beyond the far over Baobab digging for red koss. I shall go again this afternoon to call on K. U. and Dilli - with my eye treating kit.

Qantscha

Monday, September 1, 1952

157

Last night at sunset time we visited #9 ma's weft
our Tema. Jo and Lawrence came with me. !ñ and
Di!ai and Iquss (our Kooshay) were ~~with~~ with the
children. Sam ko, qai shay, !Nai ~~felt~~ gas. Di!ai's
baleq (name) I treated his eyes again. She dandled
and good at him and say a little to quiet him as before.
He did not cry as much.

She was making an attractive looking mixture for
supper. The women had been out all day. They had
3 kinds of wildkors with them. something that looked
like large parsnips, something that looked like
jerusalem artichokes and some red berries. Di!ai
had made a smooth white paste of one of the kind
of vegetable, pounding it in her mortar with the pestle.
She added about 2 cups full of berries, and pounded them.
The seeds were not removed. It looked very good. She had
3 or 4 cups full in her mortar.

^{2 great} As we turned to leave the weft we saw
the fires to the west purple against the sun. The
smoke was motionless. Jo said as though a motion
picture stopped. They had the shape of the cloud from the
atomic bomb. We heard the jeep start up - as gales
started out to get a picture.

!ñ, Iquss and Di!ai all asked for (Cocoa) ^{ko ko}
In case they were not understood !ñ got the pot - and
said Kow Kow. I promised to bring some.

The men were all home when we returned
after supper. We had a pleasant visit, beguiled by Sumpin
of qantscha Da. Whui was united with Thui Thema Da
and qura Da.

Tema and Iquss told about the lions. There were
3. The group had been sleeping but woke hearing the lions growl.

I qui showed how he leaped up, looked over the steams
 yelled and waved his arm, and how the lions leaped off
 to the North West. Tuma showed how he woke, heard the
 growl, grabbed his spear, stood up and yelled. The women
 all crouched down under their houses. There was music,
 laughter though not the account, which was given by
 gesture, no interpreter was present. was the more graphic.

Two trucks and a huge fire protected the staff from the lion.
 We all drew nearer our fire, and slept well.

This morning work on the camp began early. Jo and I
 went walking to see the wefts to the south, the pan. There
 are 3. We were charmingly welcomed. We greeted everybody
 and gave tobacco all around.

An old woman in the big middle weft has 3 tabs
 hanging from her head with 3 coveris shells on each. They
 are my coveris shell gift last year. She is the mother of
 F Nisa, the wife of Iao (our 11 Cow). As it was described to
 me when she saw the coveris shells her daughter had she
 said, "how lovely, do give me some", and she made the
 ornaments. I had given enough to each for a necklace.

At the farthest over weft a man was making a
 breech clout. The leather was as soft as my suede jacket.
 He had shaped it according to the pattern, with the
 tabs behind. He was scraping off the white hair from
 two tabs of the lips and cutting their edges more neatly, cutting
 the leather as we would cut pressing down. First he used his
 sandal as a board to cut against. His sharp knife easily
 sliced the leather, the breech clout and did not scratch
 the hard (land?) hole of the sandal. Then he used
 the handle of his axe to cut against. Then a fire paddle.

Jo had acquired some of the fungus like stuff
 that under for lighting pipe is made of. He had traded
 Malche for it. The old man, of his own volition
 reached into his bag and gave me a good big piece.
 I gave nothing in return. Having given tobacco he
 around. It was the first gift made without any
 suggestion from any of us.

Frederick & I go were assigned to work
in the camp. So another day went with
interpretation. I begrudge it thinking I
rather the camp be built more slowly &
leave Frederick with me. But other want
to finish up as soon as possible.

We saw nets hung with stones in them - To stretch them?
There is an iron pot in the farthest over net. There
are clay pots, rice bowls, lots of ornaments.
There are lots of young people girls & boys who look teenage.
In all it seems to be a very interesting collecting people.

In the afternoon after a rest in the heat we moved
up to the Camp. The kitchen is arranged under a tarp
with the big packing boxes all made into cupboards.
Baracade of brush surrounds the 4 sides. Tables are built of
boards. I burn with envy, such comfort.

John's photographic tent is beautifully arranged.
Nothing else is done. One can't find anything. Heroguan
piles lie and a considerable distance from one another
Much stuff is still in trucks, that have to get wood
or water. Charlie is working at his establishment
I feel miserable, and after finding my suitcase with
toilet article & a wash basin. My bed & gear up.

I have no idea why I don't feel well. I did not
have chills & fevers this afternoon but I could not
have feet made low. I wanted to creep into something
lie down and cry - alone. except Lawrence.

Sunday everyone feet low. Maybe it is a cold
John is coughing still. The spells are more violent than
they were for a time. I want him to go out when Jo goes to a doctor.

As it was the first night at the camp I suggested
a drink. That we had. Hudson Bay Whiskey. a gun down
all around. It was pleasant. John told us about
Les Trois Pies and other episodes of the Canada ski trip.
It is delightful when he feels like talking. He makes us
laugh. The drink was just a bit much. We are so
out of practice. This is the first drink since Urdhock.
It was to Christen the camp - but we did not yet have a name coin.
I had not finished my canned peas, nor had
my coffee when Olig who had gone off with the jeep
to the water hole, came back to say there was a deer
at the middle net. We did not even say "lets go".
We grabbed coats and flash lights - climbed up the
jeep.

get recording of items of curvy ceremony.
one song was from the Honey Song.

We found not a dance but a very sick man for whom three medicine men were performing a curing ceremony. Twelve people sat - not in a closed circle this time but a $\frac{3}{4}$ circle. The sick man lay at the top. ^{very still, with eyes closed - all through the ceremony} We sat down at ~~some distance~~ ^{a few feet} from open end - enough to indicate not too great intrusion on our part. People said "Mouri" raised their hands in the usual greeting - some not all. It was a subdued hushed greeting. Not at all like the morning greeting. Then they seemed to pay no further attention to us. Things later when Eli drove back to camp to get a cup of coffee and brought back the Power wagon as well as the jeep I noticed people turn toward the sound and light of the vehicle. Other groups sat around other fires.

It was a very moving ceremony. The medicine men sang over and over a little theme. The people in the circle sang with them. Only rarely did the medicine men call "Ki". There were no loud gruggles and grunts. The singing continued along time, over and over and over the theme was sung, softly.

One medicine man knelt at the sick man's head. Crouched over him, his forehead pressed against his head, his hands at the sides, his neck, fluttering delicately & swiftly. He sang as he knelt ~~there~~ ^{contemporaneously}. He remained in that position through most of the ceremony. A second medicine man knelt at the man's chest, his hands laid on his back, chest, his head bowed some time and some times raised. The third medicine man moved from one position to another, sometimes standing, sometimes crouching. The sick man was facing the fire when we came. Later he sat up a few moments then lay down again his back to the fire. The ceremony continued through this move. When the 3rd medicine man knelt by him on the inside of the circle, his feet or buttocks would get into the fire. Always some one sitting near would hold his feet, put their hands over his buttocks to protect him from the fire and draw him a little away. Several times this medicine man

161

left the sick man, and administered ^{quacks} to others in the group, and a few times, went to people in the group around the fire to the left of the sick man's fire. The ceremony was similar to what we have seen before. leaning over, hands on the back and chest, or head. But there were not loud grules - shrieks that we are accustomed to, only the soft ardent singing with an occasional cry of "Ki"

At one point the 3rd medicine man who was shorter & older than the other stepped in the fire - for one burning log & another. Several times one or the other held his hands to the fire then put them on the patient. Another time one of the medicine men rolled a coal in his hands, and put his hand on the patient - as we had seen at the first ceremony of Gas's group (I) at Gam. Only once did they smoke - all three from one pipe. ^{filling themselves with smoke + proceeding at once to the ceremony again.} I thought one of the medicine men took his bag & did something with it - but could not see clearly.

One of the shorter older medicine men was shorter & older than the other. One was the long faced young man, ^(20's) the other was youngish too.

The older one at one point with the abstracted look we are accustomed to and the rather staggering run, ran out of the circle passed us, turned around the tree next the circle where there was a big scraped hide, very dry leaning against the tree. He ran into it & tossed it into the air. It made a frightening rattle that and the few grules and cries of "Ki" were the only somewhat violent action.

The song and the attitude and expression of the people were very moving to me. I feel strongly, as I so often do with Bushmen the oneness of man. Human beings within the great mystery of life. The essence of that is somewhat lost to us as we give our attention so actively ^{intently} and so ^{practically} to some fragment of our experience, our medicines and surgery, our engineering and the control it gives us of nature for instance. Intent upon achievements, in their activities we lose the awareness of the great mystery of life and man's place in it. This was expressed fully and wholly to me by this ceremony.

Gaulscho Sept 1, 1952 162

The song and the gestures were like prayer. I imagine the song to be fervent and pleading. The gestures expressed tenderness, solicitation, concern. The attitude and expressions of the people sitting in the circle were grave and reverent. Bushmen must be much less lonely than most other people. I thought of the extreme contrast of impression I had from reading about the Siriono, the Mundejuma and the people of Alor.

Here were people relying upon the power of the universe doing what they know to do to call upon its help. Temi the medicine man and Tuma (ITuma) both told me that Il gawa is near in such a ceremony - in the background.

I asked about the ceremony taking place without a dance. The women said when someone is very ill they do not dance.

Written by moonlight.

Tuesday Sept 2, 1952

Work on the camp progressed. But Fredrick and I go were freed for an hour and a half to make lunch to interpret for us. In the boys compound - of Thom and Tays - we asked Tuma (ITuma) about the other groups. There are relationships between ITuma's group and each of the three. It is unusual for them to be living here. They came for our tobacco - though the middle group often visits ITuma's camp. See note for the relationships. The Bushmen throughout this country are woven together like a fabric. ITuma's group reaches to the olwango (? check this) to Bagarelli, Kai Kai. 19am.

Knives by slays

Stems in ears

Gas black "paint" m swelling

Dillai's balf .. over eyes.

7 Reading Dept. 21125

Walter H. Wright

Faded handwritten text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page. The text is illegible due to fading and is oriented upside down.

This Sept. 163

It was terribly hot at noon and ^{at} the sun light weighs me down. Tho it is cooler than it was. There has been a south wind - the cold wind here. But I am oppressed and weary in the heat.

At three we had an important & interesting conference. (Ituma) + some came with Charlie Lawrence go John + me, Fredrick 1920 + I came to see Charlie's animals. Jo has notes on them. Ituma was fascinated with the collection. He pointed out and gave the names of each thing.

154 We noticed that he distinguished most kinds but two types of mice which are the same color and differ in the number of stripes on the back he called by the same name. The deer mice he said were babies of the tan colored _____ again the color was the same. Shrews + moles he knew + distinguished. With the above exception he distinguished between the kinds of mice.

Charlie showed Ituma the picture in Robert. Ituma had seen our hand camera pictures last year but we had shown no other pictures. He had no difficulty at all seeing the picture. He told the names of the various animals that exist here and said he didn't know the other. Charlie would say those don't exist here. He will I hope get full data on this. Ituma seemed quite fascinated. Charlie is going to have a wonderful experience - I predict.

Late Fredrick 1920 + I went to III to add to our kinship terms. We found a taboo - against speaking to or saying the name of me + Father's elder brother's wife. Because she is so important + upon me does not have the right to speak to her. over

It was a pleasant talk in the cool, the late afternoon with
the old head man & his son Ti Khas and several women.
Gau (old) and Huga (!my Ka and

They were intelligent and helpful, by and to make the summer clear and accurate.

Nai si (Koo Shap elder boy) came from
I gam where we saw them last. They arrived
before sunset - went first to the water hole
where they rested and drank, then up
the weft.

The main path from # 7 ma's weft to the
water hole goes through Charlie's clearing.
Ironie that he should place his tent on the
path. He has to say Monow Monow
all the time he is working there; to all the
passers by.

Quitscha John + Fgoma + Gao Kiled + big lizard - inghana Wed. Sept 3

Work on the camp continued. The tent as up Eliz and I moved ^{this replacement} into the big one. I go into the unscreened one. John & his photographic equipment are comfortable and well organized in the smaller screened tent. Two latrines are prepared. The ladies one has a sign "ladies" on it. Its screening & brush is a gesture. a wide path leads to the men's, where the screening is still more of a gesture. They are near together but far from camp, we were not connected. Brian said he did not know what we wanted - but didn't ask.

The problem is the lions. Eliz. is not cautious and I am afraid for her, indeed for us all. The three lions are still around. Charlie saw their tracks again (this time he said 1/4 mile from camp - in the direction of the latrines. About four in the morning we heard a long loud sound which we took to be the lion - from the direction of the latrine - and near. Lawrence got up and got the gun. We had not moved into the tent last night, the fire was low. Brian was sleeping by the kitchen. Charlie on another side of the kitchen. Neilsen & I stayed in bed. I sat up and watched all around in the moonlight and thought of the succulent Bushman babies sleeping in their various little wigs. Again the image of the lion standing 5' from Picauin sniffing the strange smells was so vivid it is as though I'd seen it. Nothing happened. I went to sleep again. In the morning Fgoma told us it was a hyena we had heard. His tracks were at the latrines. The lions had been just beyond but had not roared. It is good that man eaters are rare. Jim Hunsing & I taking tin pans to bed with me to beat if I see one sniffing at the mosquito netting. That should drive them off, if Fgoma's yells did.

Kinship tents continued, saw the pan. Gao of the helmet was present. He had been having a fine meal that morning - of mealies & millet that had been given him by his relations at Aggelle also a meal prepared of the Babobab fruit and some brownish red tubers. Not that with the big seeds. See Note. I had some Babobab seeds in

Gaulsche Thursday - Sept 4

First thing in the morning Feduch qao and I went across the pan for more kuislip tennu. Most of the people were away. They had left in great numbers on Wed. (Koo-shap) I guess and I quit with them. About 20-30 were there at the edge of the draw. Qao with them the qao of the helmet. We said good morning and asked if someone would come to talk with us and teach us the kuislip tennu. Qao squatting at his skern - his back to us, made a long harangue - the loudest speech I've heard a Bushman make. I asked what he said. It was to the effect that we came and talked and talked and did not give food. I asked him to come to speak with me. When he squatted I sat on a low stone in front of him and explained that we had food only for ourselves, that the truck could carry only so much, that we did not want to take any of their food. Furthermore we did not expect them to stop to talk with us when they needed to go to get food. I said we were grateful when anyone had time and without inconvenience to himself, would be willing to talk. His expression was pleasant. He said he understood. Neither of us mentioned tobacco. (There are values greater than tobacco) I asked if he wished us to leave now. He said he did - that we must go to the well. We got up at once and left.

He is not the headman of VII VIII or IX. He took responsibility for directing the people around at the time, however. Among them were Haos + #Nisa his wife. One is entirely at a loss till one knows exactly who people are. I don't know his position but judge at this point that he is someone who wants authority + take it by any means.

157

We have not yet been back (Sat) but will go today. I do not want to break with VII VIII + IX. Perhaps not going back for two days is just about right. In any case late sent us back that morning to be here when H's baby was born.

gautsela

166
Thursday Sept 4, 1952

! ū's baby is born.

John was at the weft taking a picture of the square
#9ms and qao and qau were here. I was in my tent
working with Frederick over our 1 gam notes. John
came running, smiling and excited to say the baby was born.

While he was busy with his picture, ! ū got up
and left the weft. He took no ^{particular} notice. ^{she was going} In about
20 minutes she came back smiling. ^{she had made no sound} ~~the baby in~~
~~her kaross.~~ ^{and} She sat down in the shade. ^{she} He
took no notice for a minute or so, then saw the
baby in her kaross. He was breathless with surprise
and ran over to get me. He said "! ū wants you
to take a picture of the baby. I should not do I
am a man." I hurried over, went first to greet
Toma who was lying at full length on his stomach
in the shade, on the far side of qao's skum. He
smiled, as he does every day when I greet him
and nodded and said "ya ya?" I went at me
to ! ū and knelt before her, gesturing my happiness
that her baby had come. She turned back the corner of
the blanket she is wearing for a kaross and there
was the baby lying against her waist, its feet toward
the back, its head on her left arm, its mouth at her
breast. It is white - whiter than any spot on we are
by far where we are tanned. Its hands are as white
as the fairest blond. It has a fine growth of fuzzy
black hair, tiny ears, almost no chin - (a big well
formed head) It is unblemished - a beautiful beautiful
child. ! ū told me the name - ! Huga - a girl.

! ū allowed me to set up the camera on the
tripod. I had not used the Bell & Howell before. John
showed me the focus & lens setting. Because she was
in the shade we set it at 4. (L. thinks that too open
oh dear) We did not ask her to move. Both boys, Sam qao
& 1 gase were there - and 2 visitors ! Huga and her daughter & Nisa

! ū = baby

Quilsete Sept 4, 1952 167
her elder son (about 10)

! ū sent Sam Gao for water. They asked if they might get some from us. We said indeed they might. Saengao had a canvas water bag. He brought it filled. ! ū was still sitting up. Presently she took some of the soft fiber ^{in grass} that they sleep on, dipped it into a tin can in which Sam Gao had poured some water, and washed the blood off her legs. I have a picture of this. It was a casual process. She merely rubbed her legs with the moistened fiber. She did not wash her vagina. She did not wash the baby.

As near as we know, she ^{left to} ~~had~~ the baby about 10 a.m. returned about 10:20. I took the picture of her washing about 10:45 or 10:50. At 11:10 I gave her second son (about 7) brought a piece of veldkos - the kind that looks something like a parsnip with fibers on it. He peeled some, gave her some, they both ate a little. I think they handed some to the visitors ! Huga and # Nisa. I have a picture of this.

I Guse (Koo Shap) is away with I qui her husband with the group IX people who have gone on a long veldkos trip. They left Wednesday in the late morning and are still away. Di! ai and ! Huga (!nyk) and little ! Nai are away. They went to Gura early Tuesday - to get food and beads (See Elij. Notes).

The visitors ! Huga and # Nisa just happened to be here.

A few minutes after eating the veldkos ! ū layed some of the soft fiber (a grass?) on the ground, layed the baby on it, not even fully exposing it to the bees. She lay beside the baby so that her

168 Sept 4, 1952

!U + Baer ^{gautsch}
right breast was at its mouth. She covered it, head
and all and there they lay. There was nothing
more to do. She lay all afternoon, quietly resting.

John continued filming. Gao the Medicine Man
made a nargetti net for him! He took the whole
process.

Goma and old gau lay stretched out, old gau
sleeping, I gao and Fredrick with them. I
wanted not to harass anybody and did not start
asking the thousand questions I have to ask - only
a very few did I pursue at this time.

I asked # Goma if !U had told him - anyone -
that she felt the pain and was going to have the
baby. He said no. I asked if !Huga the visiting
relative was here at the time. She was, he said.
I judge she had not come expecting to be present
at the birth. !U had not told her when she
left to have the baby. !U went alone. I asked
if this was usual. # Goma said yes, that was the
way of Bushmen women. They want to be alone.
I shall ask more about this. I asked one
if they had a difficult birth if they call someone
He said no they are alone till everything is
finished. This must have exceptions and
must ask if the Medicine Man is not called
if the woman is ill.

!U looked perfectly normal when she
returned. She was smiling, walked naturally.
as though nothing had happened! She did not
look drawn, or tired, or in pain; nor excited
nor concerned, nor elated. It is a simple
natural event for Bush women. What a contrast
our civilization presents with the concern, excitement
and paraphernalia.

And what a contrast for the infant, to be slapped

!ti. Baby ^{gautcho} Sept 4 169
held upside down, bathed, dressed, not fed,
put away alone in a crib, having its cord &
its eyes medicated. to say nothing of precepts
and other surgical procedures. The death rate
is another matter. I am imagining only the difference
of experience for the baby.

This is the least traumatic a birth experience
one can imagine. The baby is like a little Marsupial,
held against the mother's body, its mouth at her
breast constantly.

The baby during the first day cried twice
for about one second each time. It's ah, ah
a very gentle sound, repeated only twice -
ah a - ah a. Each time !ti put her nipple
into its mouth. A great deal of the time
it lay sleeping the nipple in its mouth. Sometimes
it slept with out the nipple, its mouth as much
as an inch away. When I first looked at
the baby 30 or 40 minutes after its birth, it had
the nipple in its mouth. And continued so
till !ti laid it down. Then sometimes when I
looked it had the nipple in - less often not.
It sleeps with its hands up beside its head.
The baby sucked vigorously sometime. Then
as it slept its mouth was passive on the nipple,
it seemed to swallow.

We were observing - at least on our side of things
an imagined discretion - of not having the men on
with it. Later in the afternoon I began to perceive
that it did not seem to trouble her.

In the afternoon we brought gifts. 50. Jams
can 1 gas + Deduch. + A. I gave a scarf to !ti + one to
the baby. A whole bunch of white seed beads to !ti, one
like it to the baby, and 3 strands each to Sam gao
and 1 gas and 7 gona the father. We bought 2 Klim
tins of cocoa all mixed - with Klim + Golden Squip.

Visitors had come from IX including 7 Nisa 11 Oa's wife
a haya dozen women + girls. We gave to bases all ground. 7 gona made
no move to have the cocoa till after they left - he said to us "11 Sunset"

Lee Kay came & went dressed up.
Yura Puro rubbed Tobacco under arms.
Buly has not cried - undisturbed.
Gao & Z gona returned at 1 PM. with net from arms.

! ũ + baby.

Sept 4, 1952

170

The baby's umbilical cord looks to be 6-7 inches long. It is gray and not dry. perhaps $\frac{1}{2}$ " in diameter. It seems not to be tied. I shall ask later about this.

I have been very careful not to touch the baby or ! ũ or any of their things. I am feeling quite ill. My recurring chills and fevers are upon me. I went to bed before supper. very miserable. Temp 100.2 ate 1 cup canned tomatoes.

Sept 5, 1952

John is away in the field

Elyabell is working on veldkos with Di!ai, who will take Elij with her tomorrow ^{on Wed} Di!ai! Huga (ungha) little ! Nai + Sam gao went ^{and returned last night} to Gura. They got very little veldkos and must go out again tomorrow. They are resting today. See Elij. Note.

~~Tom~~ ~~Tom~~ is away. Gao is away - old gao is ill. He has a painful swelling in his neck. It seems not to be from a tooth. His teeth show no sign of decay. Though they are worn down. He says it is not tooth ache. The tooth his temperature. He, breast fed as all Bushman so far in our presence showed no apprehension. His thermometer. His temperature is 98°. We gave him aureomycin and I put vaseline on his swelling and a bandage around, thinking perhaps the softened skin might help to open an abscess. if it is that or in any case make him feel we were trying to help. The Bushmen, and other natives, believe in grease on the skin. Gao had rubbed over the swelling the black mixture of grease and charcoal which is commonly used. Di!ai has ~~rubbed her baby's eyes with forehead~~ made the long marks over the eyes of her baby who had sore eyes. (Twice she had me put medicine in his eyes. She asked me the first day we came. The second day I went to the west to put the aureomycin in. The third day when I came to do this, she took the baby away. Today, when the interpreters were there she said he was afraid of Europeans not being used to them, and - this was then

(Name and I think I wrote it elsewhere - she wanted to teach him not to be afraid because if he was afraid he wouldn't get things. Later in the afternoon I gave candy to every one present. I gave her little boy (He is ~~2~~ 3) came cautiously to me to get his and ran back to her. Later he ventured a smile, then hid his head behind her. I told her Bushmen women were good mothers. She said yes they understood babies.

I measured the baby. From top of head to bottom of heel, stretched out as straight as could be. She is $18\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Her head is $4\frac{1}{2}$ " from top to bottom of chin. Her hands are less white. She is the same like the rest of her - pinkish.

We asked !U if we could ask her questions about the birds when she felt ready to bath. She said not today, she would rest, but tomorrow she would bath. We asked if we could take pictures of the baby. She said we might after noon when it would be warmer. So we ¹¹⁴³ left her. I sat at a distance writing, little !Dai sat beside me. All the rest went back to camp. Iqaso was there. San Ko away with the men, hunting. Dilai and !Kuga (!Mup ka) lay beside !Dai. They chatted, womanish, about finery. !U got out the beads and the scarfs to show them. !Kuga (!Mup ka) draped herself in the two scarfs and pranced before me with the most amusing walk. little and unlike a mode. She made it clear she wanted 2 scarfs.

!Name brought a jar of vasaline which I

12

face! u. She had asked for grease to soften a skin for the baby, showing me that the skin were too hard. She had asked Lawrence to kill a kudu sapling she needed kudu soup. Lawrence said he wouldn't but said I might give some biltong. I took over 4 pieces later.

In the afternoon after lunch we had a discussion of Elizabeth's going out - John's sleeping in and all the involvements. Elizabeth wants to go. I want John to go to see a doctor about his cough. Lawrence won't let me stay without John - for fear of fire, lions etc. John has coughed since May. Lawrence says if he is still coughing in another month he will send him out via Tsau and the WNTA bus - provided we can get out in case of early rains. Lawrence feels sure the cough is nothing but irritation from coughing and dust. John does not feel really well - but does not feel really ill. He is working very hard.

Next Lawrence John took seven

In the late morning visitors arrived at Hana's (I Puna's) way + from Gura. Several women and children came - the men had stayed at our camp. The women went first to a tree at some distance and sat down. No one waved or took notice. Mai told me they were from Gura. After about 5 minutes I Huga (I Kupka) and Di'ai went over to them. Then I walked over guided them. I Huga (I Kupka) had given a piece of tobacco to each. They put it into what was containing the had and dusted their fingers off under their arms.

In another five minutes the group was sitting at Huse / Koo Shay's skum talking away to Hega (mp ka) and Di! ai they did not come to greet !u or see the baby - while I was there at least. I gave them all tobacco.

After lunch the men of the group were here. I gave tobacco to them. 2 of them with + Gome and Qao went off to hunt with golum in the jeep. The story of these hunters will be in Golum's note. They chased a faefel hound (?) a thin thuma pan. + Gome fell out of the jeep. One of the young men cut his behind bouncing on some thing sharp. + Gome lost the metal point of his arrow which he shot at the faefel hound. They did not catch it - no anything else. ^{Yesterday} This morning they were hunting + caught a huge lizard. They eat it - but it is not yet eaten because golum wanted to photograph the skinning + has not given the time to that yet.

There is so much to keep up with - Gome and Qao tried to catch an ardoark. What day? This morning or yesterday. + Gome set fires to smoke it out - Crawled into the holes - One he went into very far - and came out head first having turned around inside. They are giving their all to the hunting.

After the departure in the jeep ^{James} went to take pictures of the baby. !u would

Not move into the sun. We need not worry ~~the~~
 impressing on her. She will say what she will
 & what do. That is good. We got 'grass and
 !Nai to hold up a hide as a wind shield &
 then asked her to uncover the baby. She
 did a little. It seemed to be the sun more
 than the wind she protected it from. The
 pictures won't be good. But we are not
 going to try to face. If anything happens to
 the baby we don't want it to be thought we
 forced anything. !U thought was not right.

I stayed all afternoon. In the morning
 during the hours I was there and in the
 afternoon the baby did not cry. Jo says
 he heard a baby cry in the night. It may
 have been the new baby, but it may have
 been the little !Gass of Di'ai. He cries
 fairly often - for a Bushman child. The boy with
 one blind eye.

!U's left breast had filled out tremendously
 this morning at 9 when we went over. It was
 I said almost as big as the baby's head. Jo
 said bigger. The right breast is not so big.
 The baby lay by the right breast most of yesterday
 and this morning. !U fed it from the left
 breast in the afternoon.

The baby lies without being moved, on the soft
 grass on the ground. against its mother's body
 covered with her blanket. She left it to

go to unmate only once a month or two.

She has rubbed its head with the black ointment.

The umbilical cord is dry and dark this morning. It has shrunk to 5 inches short.

Go had an idea on infanticide. He put together the woman's going alone and the other's making so little of the matter. I then added to the complex the woman's saying he did not know if it were going to cause a baby or not. That she had looked that way for some time and no baby had come. It might all fit together as a pattern adapted to possible infanticide - but if so would indicate a covering up of infanticide - a guilt? or covering gesture for some other reason.

A fire break was burned around the camp. I watched the shapes and faces of the men in the light. so different they are. in size + color.

I feel better tonight - no temperature. I took 3 aureomycin capsules today. But I am terribly depressed about Lawrence's going out for 3 weeks.

Tried for more kinship terms at the way in the late afternoon - asking the visiting women. Woman speaking terms. We got into a queer muddle. It is probably due to their not using a term unmodified by articles pronoun or something. Some body was slipped the. Women of 1900 or so. One of the new young men + gao (not chick) hines out to speak. Where, to be sophisticated. he began to answer.

and we got a few straightened out - Maple,
 Jim trying to get the kinship term before
 Teduck leaves. Will not succeed. Can not
 make head way. Everything takes so long. The
 very minimum of work is an effort & takes
 very long. And when I have temperature I
 just can't drive at things. It isn't my hot
 driving - only. No one can drive nor the
 Bushmen be driven faster in the heat.

I have written 2 days of the journal this evening
 by moon light and fire light. The night is warmer 68°

Sat - Sept 6, 1952 177

On Wednesday 9 people will leave to go out. I am terribly depressed about having to part again. It will be for 3 weeks. John + I with Carl, glass + Namu + Peamin will carry on here. I feel ill again.

I went on with kinship terms. It is very different. I get several different answers for the same relation. English to Herero to Bushman - back leaves room for mistakes. Also it seems to me that kin terms are not such an important part of the system that much is made of them. It is like English, not a strictly intense matter. John + Bushmen killed a pig. Everyone can eat pig - men women. ^{and me is please almost.} Sun. Sept 7.

Since !li's baby was born on Thurs. that is on Fri + Sat + Goma has been trying to get meat for her. John has been helping. He takes Goma + ^{several} ~~meat~~ ^{meat} rollers in the jeep - to save time. ~~Yesterday~~ Today they got nothing. Sat they got a wild pig. ^(several) Everyone could eat it. Everyone was happy. Charlie gave a jackal to !li Friday which women can eat. She asked Lawrence to shoot a kudu. He refused. holding to his policy. and collected for 4 pieces of bilting.

The boy had a dog. Lawrence + I photographed it. We kept !li + the baby etc. !li is still protecting the baby. Women not fully uncover it - but as she changed it from one side to the other we got a glimpse of it.

We had a sun downer + sun down. It was to celebrate the 2 birthdays that are coming the 13th + 14th. Lawrence had brought a bottle of Bouillon + one of Curran for the occasion. I suggested having them Sunday because it had been a peaceful day. We weren't in shoes. I was feeling better. The party was a few days off. It was pleasant. ~~at last~~ ~~we~~ ~~1~~ after supper we went to the west. We had a pleasant time, sleeping a little. I sang a Hopi song. Gao leaned over and told me he had two wives and four children. This struck me as odd.

And very interesting. I had not brought up the subject. He leaned over to me and as if he said "by the way did you know I have two wives." My kinship terms make conversations on these subjects quite possible now. I have no doubt that that is what he said. I should have gasped with surprise if I had not heard it before. I asked who was with them the day 'u's baby was born. It was then I gasped when I was told it was Gao's ~~other~~ wife & daughter & Nisa. I thought then I must not have been ~~correctly~~ informed. I'd like to get that whole story. The other wife lives with Gao's father & brother. Not with him. ~~Find out~~ John is hunting again today with #ama (1/ama) He wants them to get meat. He thinks #ama wants to provide meat for him to nourish him, give him abundant milk, and satisfy his own pride in success. John is as ardent as any hunter. He does not want to jeopardize the success of the hunt by taking pictures, and is turning the problem over in his mind, whether he can ever get pictures of a hunt without scaring away the animal. He thinks by and large he can not, and is making the effort now to get meat not pictures. He is wondering if later, at time when there is meat he can then emphasize pictures. Trouble is meat does not last. This will be worked out as a matter of policy. He also wants very much to get pictures of animals in repose in a natural condition, not just hunt pictures. No one who has not tried knows how different this is.

Monday Sept 8

John is hunting again. Frederick, Gao and I made a last attempt at kin terms before Federal leave. Got the children - it's Father's elder brother's son etc etc. Did not finish woman speaking. Can not work tomorrow as the preparations for the trip Wed. will be made. I wish Laurence did not have to go. I miss last separation more than the one before. Am fairly morbid this time.

Our ailments continue. I feel miserable every 2 or 3 days worse than the intervening days. Elig. has diarrhea again and now So has an attack. We are depressed. The smells are worse in the heat than last yr. in July. The pig's offal makes me almost throw up.

Little gas is 32" tall Sept 14 1937
He grew 4 inches.

Handwritten notes, mostly illegible due to bleed-through from the reverse side of the page. Some words like "gas" and "grows" are visible.

Monday Sept 8

John is counting again. The ...
Mabel's last attempt at ...
Got the children - it's father's ...
The ...
The ...
The ...
The ...

About mid day I was at the weft. I had had an engagement with her to talk about the bird. See note. As the food this time I asked her to tell me about what Bushmen women do so I could understand. I told her - again - we were trying to understand the ways of other people. I showed her notes & Queen + said no book had been written about Bushmen, and white people like ourselves wanted to understand Bushmen. She had told us she would talk on Monday or 2 days from Sat. So she began and gave an account without my drawing her out with questions. Briefly she said Bushmen women went alone into the bush for the birds. Unless a woman's mother was with her she buries the placenta - marks the place so no man will step on it, lest he become thin. If a man should step on a placenta and become thin, the other man would get meat for him. (Persuade this further - clarify this further.) If a man does become thin is it assumed he has stepped in - advertently or - placenta? Of course there are other possibilities - that he has broken some other taboo or get at in advertence - what is ~~to~~ to be assumed. Is any illness apt to be attributed to breaking a taboo? She told about the umbilical cord - how it is put in a bag & kept till the child is about age 7 better God. At that time the mother goes with child to the bush, where she child to throw the cord away and jump over it. The cord is kept to protect the child from sickness. (Find out what kind of jumping over it signifies.)

As this talk was finished 7 goma gas + 1 qui returned from hunting. They looked very depressed & sad. They sat down in the shade. I gestured to mean "did they not get anything?" and 1 qui produced I thought to say no. A kind of waving the hand down I got sad for them, and for John. John said they had shot a giraffe.

Sept 8 1952

We were thrown into a ditch. The account was what John would call "hair": they had - as for several days - gone out in the jeep - John as intent as + gona to get meat. The jeep ride is to save the miles of walking, to cover the ground quickly - to get meat not a record of - hunt. And they had come upon a quaffle molten with her young baby. John had told us each day how careful the hunters were with their poisoned arrows. Never to take them out in the jeep when it was moving. The arrows are kept in a covered funnel and the quaffle in a bag. But the quaffle was too much for the caution rule to stand. While they drove to catch up with it to get near enough for a shot out came the arrows and the quaffle was shot from the jeep. 4 arrows were driven into it + gona's deep into the leg. The others who got arrows into it were

900
 The quaffle loped on followed by its baby. The men returned home. It will take 4 days to die. Each day they will go and follow its spoor and see what condition it is in.

It was proper procedure to look depressed when they entered the wright. All must be quiet and subdued so the quaffle will be subdued. ^{and not go too far} The children must use play activity or be noisy. (They never are anyway) The men must fast so that the quaffle too will become weak.

Lawrence is concerned. Quaffle is Royal Game. The penalty for killing one is a huge fine. There was confusion. Picaun told everyone including the Bushmen to say it was a Kuder. I was concerned that from our pulp came this suggestion of deception and lying. John took Reduch + I had to try to put this right. It was concerned lest + gona get the idea for the first time that his game was controlled by the whites - when as it is not in this area. No warden in the game laws in this area with the Bushmen.

Nam She is a new child a new name

I qui is a beautiful bag.

Laurence when he goes to windhoek will feel the administration what happened and accept the penalties if necessary. Tho the Bushmen shot the arrow & gave every right - as we understand it to kill quaffer. The shot was from our jeep - instead of a normal hunt when they track and stalk themselves.

It is at least is untroubled. She made the geology labing. The boys have taken to coming into our tent with Eli. They spend happy hours with her. Their gentle voices and quiet considerate behavior does not disturb even me - even making charts & kinship trees. Bam who is a very intelligent fine boy is a help. If a papa blows in the ever lasting wind he gets it for me. If I go out ^{or come in} he opens the zipper of the tent. The smaller boys are charming and gae as quietly gae as young robins. Nais is relaxing, smiling, playing softly delicately with gae se at little games. delicately examining our things, which they never disrupts into disoids. This afternoon, with the plasterers they all modeled quaffer.

Tuesday. Sept 9

The day before the departure. Laurence - I went all lists of things to get quiet in the tent. I feel terribly lonely and inadequate, and the separation is stabbing me already. I know how I shall feel tomorrow. I'll regret all the time I was busy and preoccupied working apart from Laurence. I'll feel he does not know how much I love him. I'll think about the feeling I have of people getting between us. People who have to have some thing done about their and take time & preoccupation. I'll think about my own struggles with confusion, indecision and ailments which make me glum and withdrawn much of the time. I'll feel I have not been with him closely enough and now we shall be separated, all facing some peril.

How do Bushmen women stop their
children from nursing. I've seen some boys
of 5-8 nursing. One especially when he
rests and cat-naps lies in his mother's lap
& suck. I think she is not in lactation.

Di! ai nursed li's baby. Saw this once.

Gaulsch Sept 9 1952 I had said, had I, but both Fredrick + Philip had to go out because their wives are ill.

I look like a She-Ancient but do not feel like one. The She Ancients were energetic and purposeful. As I write there is no breeze. Drops fall from my forehead and nose, trickle down my tummy + back under my loose Nylon blouse. Soak into my pants at the belt. Stick my legs together. My hands stick to the paper. My glasses are fogged. But this air is dry and if one opens ones mouth one for a moment has the effect of a water cooling bag. I am in this blessed netted tent with a fly swatter, a cup of coffee a cigarette and Elizabeth. It is only 96 in the shade. I wonder what it is in the sun. When I'm out working at the weft where there is all too little shade for the Bushmen + none for me, my pants get so hot that when I lean over they burn me as when we stand too near a camp fire. We take salt tablets.

Well to go on - Tuesday night. When we visited the weft Sunday night, John asked for a dance. + goma said they might have one on Tuesday. And so they did. The men had gone to track the quaffe during the day. In the afternoon they returned about four, and several went right out again to hunt for some small creature. They got nothing. John is worried about the quaffe. It is going further + further about 20 miles now - has joined with some other and has lost it baby. It is staggering - But then is anxiously lest it get away nevertheless. I am other hunters saw it and reported that it still had the arrows in it. They of course did not touch it. The men came back from the late afternoon hunt long after dark - empty handed. It was after that that the women returned.

Gaulscha Sept 9 1952

They had gone out for veldkos about 8 in the morning
 And ! Ti was with them, the new baby bound to
 her back with a small skin which she had
 softened with the vasoline I gave her. The baby
 lies both at her waist both its feet to her back
 tied so there is support for its head against the
 hide which holds it. ! She has the scarf I gave
 her over the baby as an awning. Her kasson
 is outside all that. They looked tired and
 laden as they passed by the camp.

Nevertheless there was a dance. People
 began to pass the camp as we ended supper. I hastened
 to make cocoa. We went over as soon as we could. The
 singing had just begun. We found + goma + !ti sitting
 at their fire !ti looking hollow eyed. Some 15 young
 people sat around their fire. There were five other
 fires. As usual people sat with their own groups
 visited about at the other group a little. About 65
 including the dancing was a late arriving group
 across the pan who came carrying burning sticks
 for torch and wood for their own fire. When
 people arrive like that they do not greet the
 others. Nor are they greeted. (People always
 greet us with the raised hand waved and "Morrow Morrow"
 but not other Bushmen.)

Fifteen or twenty women and girl sang,
 and clapped - from the various groups. Men danced
 from the various groups, remaining to sit with their
 own people between dances.

!Gao and !Name danced, !Gao beautifully
 (Name less and poor). !Qi'Gao imitated him
 stopping clownishly about after him.

There was a ceremony about 11 it began. Gao
 and another Medicine Man. !Qi'Gao did not participate.

Gaucho, Sept 9 1952

185

76

Federick Philip and David were sitting near Gaucho. Three or four times each medicine man performed the ceremony over each of them. I wished they would over us. Gao said next day that it was that they should be safe on the journey. I said Mr. Marshall, too? He said that's all.

The cocoa was an anxiety. Twice as Mrs. Papa came I went to make Mrs. G. asked 3 buckets full. I asked #Goma to say when he wanted it served. How went up. Just before the ceremony began I asked if we could heat it. I had understood #Goma to say to heat it in the dance fire. So we put 1 bucket on. When a ceremony began we took it off. Di'ai told John to put it behind the skum. We waited till the ceremony was over and about midnight #Goma told John to put it a fire. The 3 buckets were set there. There was much talk about it, #Goma explaining that it had to boil - gugguguggugugug or bub bub bub. Which did he say? Time went on. The dancing went on. Laurence wanted me to drop the matter. The cocoa. Jo wanted me to find out if #Goma was waiting for us to serve it - I didn't know what was what. Like an anxious listener. Finally I sent I name again. #Goma said he did not feel well (he has a sore) and that people might not have time to drink from and to take only one bucket at a time. I name - Gao served it, taking a bucket around. Everyone produced a tin or drank from his neighbor's. #Goma helped himself from the bucket in front of him for a time. I decided not to have cocoa at a dance again - which is what Laurence thought best. About 12:30 d. & John went to bed. Jo danced with the men. At 2 he and I left. I wondered if we were keeping them up and they so tired I was half dead.

Wed. Sept 10

At dawn I woke up. The dawn of the departure. The dance was still going on. I got up and went over. There in the gas light were all the people as we had left them. The dance was just stopping. As the sun rose big and red in the smoke haze, lines of people left the west - the sun behind them and settled around our fires. I think it was perhaps to say good by to Laurence & Jo. They left about seven.

The Bushmen were too tired to work with. ^{Sept 10 1952 186}
Elij and I both feel quite ill again. "We rest
a while and then dragged ourselves to work. I forget what
we did - oh yes. I cleaned house and found things.
John - the men went to see the quaffe again. It is
getting on to 30 miles away. Thursday - Sept 11

We are dedicated to veld kos. To record the
end of the dry season. If and when the quaffe episode
is concluded John will photograph veld kos.

In the mean time Elij. is making a study
She went with L. - the truck! Huga & the quia women
one day. L. photographed. On Monday the 8th she
went walking with Di'ai and (!Muzka) Huga. Her
notes describe the day in the heat. It is a large &
important subject.

One thing that she finds is that they do not
wander about hoping to find the odd veld kos.
They go to certain places where certain things grow.
They go today to pick berries, another day to
dig the big turnip like roots etc. They go long distances
It is hard work. Di'ai carries 19000 on her shoulder
while she digs. They bring back 15 or 20 pounds
each - carrying the stuff and the babies in their
Arrosses.

She says it is wonderful to see how they find
things. Two leaves of a dried scrap of a vine in a bush
they will see & dig there. If the root is too deep they
leave it not do things to save effort but to use the
time more productively.

She says the women feed the families and feed
them well. There is no starving bed of veld kos. There is
some balance between time, energy, and quantity.

So far they have gone every other day except once
when they went on successive days. It with her babies went on 5th
day after birth and again on the 8th day.

Insert Fri. Sept 12

This is the day! Ni & Di'ai went for veldkos at 8
& in the morning. Long after dark - at 8 o'clock
they returned. Two little women, each with a
baby - laden with veldkos, and shells of water
and each with 2 trees over their shoulders
for the night's wood. They had walked
for miles - deep all day. Walked home
much of the distance in the dark. passed
through the veld fire.

Ni's new baby was crying - this time
a real cry. I listened for it late. It soon
stopped. They now sank to sleep.

Thursday Sept 11 Elij went again with Di'ai -
1 Wuga and Name. They were away from about 8:30 to 3.
The women again got about 20 pounds each.

Di'ai gives to li the dogs li does not go out.
People get water for li to. Di'ai at Sam Khon + Goma.
I worked on genesos + kin terms with I gao
without I Nam. We got along fairly well.

Friday Sept 12.

John has been away each day with the
men to track the quaffe. This is quite a stop.
The quaffe travels n. It joined Otter, but it
broke. Left the Otter. Last night it had got
about 30 miles away. The stop is told in the
spon it is staggering. It lies down + thrashes
about. It struggles n. John has the same
mixtures / feelings I have. dominated by a passion
to get the meat and concern lest it be lost.

Friday night at sunset. Picanin + Otter arrived.
in the deep seeing the quaffe had been killed. It
was down the Bushmen killed it with assegai.
John got picture - They will tell a dramatic story -
They could not leave the meat a new staging
by it all night John with them. Picanin follows
Gless. Mrs Bushmen food + blankets and set
off at dusk to return to the waiting party.

Elij worked on veld kos. I tried to make chair
to kin terms. There are confusions + gaps. I tried
to work with I Nam, I gao n them. For father's
younger brother and his son I got 4 different names
Ali me.

A fire beset us. Thursday + Goma had gone
across the pen to put out one that was approaching.
They beat out the near edge. At 11 p.m. Our boys
anxious had gone back + worked an hour + more

pulling out another edge. I had gone to bed so tired¹⁸⁸
I wouldn't have noticed being burned up.
Tonight - with John away - another fire flared up
It looked to be at group 011's west. Again the dog
went across - Elij. They did not walk in. It seemed
hopeless. We went to bed a bit anxious. In the
night the wind came up. I ran out to look. The
wind was from the South East - blowing the fire
back. In the morning it was out, and the
other 6 on the horizon too, and the one that
was smouldering that had been beaten out in the

Sat Sept 13

The quaffs arrived about 11 am. John drove
to the west and unloaded. He was a sight. The
Dodge party had got lost & had not arrived
last night. John had slept by the fire and
burned his coat & slacks. The Bushmen looked
O.K. By the time the cut up meat was unloaded
there were some 50-60 people at the west.

There was no apparent excitement, all quiet and
orderly. See notes. For a while they sat talking, men
in groups women in groups. as usual with their close station
we went to have lunch. When I got back about 2. Much
of the meat was cut into strips & hung for bit long. Other people
waited distribution. Through the afternoon. 3 pm on
there was decorous cooking & eating. The guests were all of good
cooked meat. It was like a party, guests waiting to be served.
There was no gorging, no haste, no unseemliness, no noisy
celebrating. Relatives were given their share from each
person's portion, and went off home about 5. John took
pictures.

Paul has the greatest share. & Goma says the quaff
was killed with his arrow. & Goma says his own arrows are
all gone. About 20 feet of long strips are hung on branches.

In deed 8 arrows are still in the bed & he found
tomorrow. How Bushmen can shoot at an animal in this way
weed. Needs or not taking time then to find their arrows. 9
back to find them days later. Said all of them - this
beyond my imagination - but is what happened.

Sunday Sept 14 1952

A Terrible hot day. My birthday. Eli and I are both miserable. John is coughing more than usual. The boys leave the day if Eli is trying to get open and sulphurizing according to Dr. Jim's instruction. I do not have diarrhea so am not taking it. I just feel awful. Slight nausea, no energy, exhaustion depression. Eli's admirers are visiting us. Eli & I are spending the day in the tent. I am catching up on the journal. I do not keep up with it and am writing it poorly, very poorly, losing much detail. My miseries come in peaks. This is a bad day. But even on the intervening days I can not keep up with things.

I wrote a little about the visitors in the tent. & must here. One activity that takes time is my doctoring. I have treated eyes at Iqam and here very often. Men women & children. I have the Gaultch infection under control now. No cases at present. But the people from Iqam who arrived today all needed treatment. Group II from Iqam - who went to Kai Kai.

The many come now from Kai Kai. The Iqam people are Iqase and Kuan Ha father & mother of Huya & Iqao's fiancée. Tsa Iqma 2010 & two others? They arrived at the tent about 11. Then they settled under a tree near the Staff's camp. I Huya the daughter is not well. She is ill and could not walk here. She has pain in her stomach.

The story developed as follows: The mother says Iqao asked them to bring Huya here. They came to say she was not well enough to walk. Iqao asked John to take the truck & go to Kai Kai to fetch her. John says Iqao is worried about Huya. John was told that I Huya's brother kicked her in the stomach.

Monday Sept 15

On Monday morning I asked Kuan Ha the mother to come to talk with me with Iqao & John & Iqam. She says Iqao asked them to bring Huya and they came to say she could not walk. Huya is left with Kuan Ha's younger brother and Huya's sister.

I enquired about her health. She had a first attack of the pains when we were here last year. I questioned about her menstruation, if the pains came at those periods. Kuan Ha said yes. I know she puts the words into the other's mouth when we question her. But I am out to it to get in principle out, when I get it out this way I can't trust it. Except sometimes when things do fit together or are checked some other way.

Sept 14, 1952 and does not have fever (get hot) 190
They say she does not have diarrhea, but that sometimes she vomits. They point to the side, where the pain is. It might be appendix. I asked Kwauka if ~~she~~ Huga had the pain every time she menstruates. She said she did. I suggested that Huga should not eat the ^{big} seeds & the berries, and when she had the pains to eat only soft things. I said we had no medicines to help. 1

Mama said that Igao wanted her to come here so that Qad (Medicine) could treat her, that he is a very strong doctor.

I said we had no permission to take the truck to Kai Kai. I asked how Huga would be fed and who would care for her here? Igao said he would ask # Goma about her coming, and getting food here. The family has no relatives here. ~~Wanted the family's plan was.~~ ~~Rhuanisa~~ said they had none - except to tell Igao Huga could not walk here.

Well. I have now seen the brother who is said to have kicked Huga in the stomach. John shares my feelings almost. We are uneasy. We mistrust him very much. What a miserable business it is not to know and understand what goes on & what to do. The young man is in shorts and shirt. He does not look as though he ever intended to find food in the bush. Our impression is that he is leeching onto Igao. I came to the Staff's camp (sometimes it is called the location) while John & Rhuanisa were talking with him about the kick in the stomach. He says it was an accident. That he had taken her arm to pull her up to come with them here and he slipped and kicked her. His name is Iqui, by this way. We led that drop.

I have 2 worries - that I appreciate Igao and want to be good to him. I worry about the food dribbling out to these people. I have now projected my mistrust of Iqui onto the whole group. I read into them now a difference - the Kai Kai type - simulating to Hereros. scheming, trying to get from others - not living in their old ways - laws + relationships -

The Gase who is husband of Rhuanisa & father of Huga (Nowka) is the dark one with the cap. ^{Tome}
The wild faced man who looks like a sun # Goma
The Gase of the narrow face II is the father of 2010

... and the ...
... but this ...
... if there ...
... the ...
... at ...

... that ...
... (...) ...
... to ...
... and ...
... the ...
... the ...

... I have ...
... in ...
... the ...
... to ...
... in ...
... to ...
... the ...

Di'ai, name and
! que, qui
me. Ma Ma.
custom | pie
Cocva or Agma's pie
altars do not drink?
Possession ~~altars~~ food.

... the ...
... the ...
... the ...
... the ...
... the ...

Sept 15, 1952

191

I plan to sleep over all this - and tomorrow have a talk about our food situation with the whole group

John + I spoke to David about the food. He says he well understands - that he sees the Mealie meal getting low. And he said they would like to get rid of the Bushman visitors but he knows I want to be cordial to Bushmen and thought I would not want them kicked out. I told him that ~~he~~ ^{we} ~~and~~ ^{the} ~~others~~ ^{others} were free to do what they want at their fire, and again mentioned that allowing Bushmen to sit at the Kitalum fire & said they could sit at my fire, and suggested we consider having another fire - a visitors fire - ^{in a place, my camp}. It was Monday ~~at our camp~~

Fires are on our minds today ^{in a place, my camp} because a south wind blows. I am in sweater + jacket. by a fire. The sky was cloudy all day, after nearly being hot yesterday. The temperature didn't go above 70 all day. It is 66 now. The wind makes it seem colder.

To go back to Sunday night. It had been planned that after the hunt they would be a dance. Even me was to ~~be~~ ^{be} Saturday, ~~John~~ ^{John} was going to dance, too, he said. He promises to make cocoa. This was readily accepted.

[A propo] cocoa - what fire it is cooked on is important it seems if it is cooked on ~~the~~ ^{John's} fire it belongs to him in people's thinking. John will take wood and cook it on his own making.]

Sunday by supper time my cerebral ailment was at its low or high point. I was so miserable I decided not to go to the dance. Imagine me - a dance of perhaps 20 people 4 or 5 medicine men - away across the pan. The climax of the hunt. I lay down while John + Eli made cocoa just after supper. I slept a little, woke up believing I would suffer more from loneliness and missing the dance than from going. John suggested putting my bed in the truck - which he did. I like the halt who were carried to the well in Jerusalem where Jesus said Take up the heel and walk - watched the ~~dance~~ ^{ceremony} from my bed. I got up about eleven when the medicine men began to ~~cease~~ ^{cease}. They did not come to cure me. Nevertheless I felt better. And in the morning the spell had passed and I felt fairly well.

The dance seemed lacking in vigor at first. The best dancing we have seen was the last dance at group I at Igau. There everyone was dancing well, precisely energetically - as people play in Shuman well instead of lethargically.

This time about 23 women were busy up - but many may were not. People were at their own fires, or at the three other fires near the dance fire. John & Glen had taken on a truck load of wood, had started a fire of our own - which was soon surrounded by Bushmen.

Some time after the dance began I saw lights in the pan. After a long time they bobbed nearer, & nearer and there came Ni & Di'ai. They had not come with us on the truck because the truck jiggled the baby too much. So they had walked all the way - these two little women who are so together. carrying brand like fire sticks - as torches. They settled themselves by the present of Di'ai tucked her baby beside her, covered her and herself with her Karos and went to sleep. Ni sat watching the fire. Gase, her younger boy, came to her. She cuddled him down, wrapped a scarf around him, and watched the fire again. Gomo did not dance. Goo & Qui did. Samko sat by Elizabeth. Gao danced - at his best. Nam danced rather subdued. Preamin Davel & Glen sat in chairs quietly. Zollo was bitten by a scorpion on the shoulder. Gomo massaged the place, rubbing it with sweat from his armpits. It was not a bad kind of scorpion - not very poisonous. We expect a dance to be gay. This was not at all gay. I supposed they were tired. John was indeed coughing ferociously. There was no air of celebration - which I thought must disappoint John.

He made his cocoa. passed it around. By then I was unconscious in bed in the truck.

About eleven I woke - hearing the ceremony begin. Gao and three other Medicine Men were coming - the 3 who had worked over the very sick man. The ceremony was subdued and prolonged. The 3 medicine men were not in houses. They went about quietly performing their rites to this one and that. Not every body. Gao too was subdued - till near the end. He picked up a big ^{bunny} stick from the fire threw it over the heads of a circle of people, plunged head long from the center of the dance circle over the heads of the women, fell on the ground outside the circle. Summa saulted and lay on his back his legs over his head. No one paid much attention to him. The people who drew the bunny stick thrown over their shoulders. Soon the tall long faced young Medicine Man came & Gao ~~stood~~ stood up stood behind him then put his right leg

over Gao's right shoulder & shook his rattles, then he lay
after that Gao got up. with a rush ~~and~~ ^{he} leaped
over the people in one circle & over the fire, to
Di'ai. He performed his rite over her and 1 in
then staggered away with his hands over his eyes.

John danced. Gao helmet who has turned out
to be gay and friendly put his rattles on John.
But dancing with Bushmen strikes me as a
bit lonely. Each Bushman is it seems to me
with drum. Each is keeping the rhythm exact,
striking each note with his foot - like a game on
Each intent on his own variation of the rhythm
precise exact seemly automatically so. Though
they dance in unison in the close circle they
do not respond to each other, or to play together.
They make gestures and steps toward the
women occasionally - especially Gao who
beat double stamps toward the women with
swift firm little stamps his arms outstretched
toward them. But there was no play of men
dancing together with John - to celebrate. He
moving around and around the circle with them
looked as withdrawn as they and as grave.

Monday - Sept 15

after the talk with Gao and Khuseka
reported in Sunday's account. I went to the weavers.
As I expected work was not to be there. Everyone
was spread out asleep. The dance had ended at
6:30. We had come home at 2 - dazed with
fatigue. I'll though I was - I had no insomnia

Back at camp I gathered ^{Ngam} 1 Name + Gao
both looked half dead - and started an interview
with 3 old women. Presently Tame joined us - and
as they happened he - the man - answered inquiries
of the women. I asked about the songs of the dance.

What was said about mistake? + 11 gawa
ask Name again - Ask Tame again.

Demi Tame who write
his name as I do.
Mr. Edes!
Miss Beck.
Mr. Moss
who work & work

Mr. Edes - Capt. B.
I have written you and I have
written in Sunday account. I want to
ask you if you are not to be there.
The house had been at 5:30.
The house was there at 5:30.
I had no money.
I had at camp 3 dollars I have 4 dollars
I had had my head in and I had
with 5 dollars. I have 4 dollars
on the paper. I have 4 dollars
of the money. I have 4 dollars

It was a fascinating talk. ^{Demi} Tame is a fine looking 194
old man. Our gao (Med)'s father's older brother *
His expression is gentle, interested. He seemed
intent that I should understand, concentrated
on the question, gave ^{success} by giving the answers.

He said (see note) that the quaffe song
of last night's dance was given by Ilgawa &
Igi'gao (who is far away from here now - still living)
It is a powerful song. Igi'gao gave it to F Niso
one of the 3 old women sitting beside us. F Niso uses
it to cure. Igi and gao were ill last night,
Igi so ill he might have died any minute.
The song was used for them. They are cured today.

The rain song too was sung last night. also
a version given by Ilgawa & Igi'gao. It is a
strong song. Rain is even stronger than a quaffe
It can break down the trees. It is so strong
that when the women sing they dare not use
the word ga, lest the rain be too terrible. They
may use the word 4 No. There are clouds all
over the sky today, the song brought them.

Ilgawa gave him a song too - when he was
young and was a Medicine man. His proa has
waxed now that he is so old. The song was
a song of the sun. It must be sung as the sun
rises. It may not be sung after high noon.
The person who is sick, for whom the song is sung,
will be well by evening. The sun is very
strong - so strong it can kill if you walk far
without water. Ilgawa knew this - and gave me
water.

(obviously in questioning)
Demi (Tame) is pious. He says Bushmen do not sing songs
to the girls they love. Children may sing, but that is
children's matter. Songs given by Ilgawa are serious
and holy and are used for curing.

This turned out not to be so
Demi is a lay brother of Our Nanderthap

*

Tues Sept 16 1952

The gaffe meat is no longer to be seen in the trees. The skin / the skin. She said she was hungry was eating a bit of the skin. I asked for milk was reluctant to give me time to talk. I pressed upon her very very little. I bargained for an interview for the milk - not with words but with a little hesitation in hearing, a pause so brief it was like a Bushman's glance. She did talk with us, Gao's name. J. She said she was shy - so we moved a little away from the others. The little boy went on asking about the bird. The son lost interest; left to play. I'm letters to me and I don't love her. She is an intelligent clear informant very satisfactory. When she said she was tired. We got Gao's genealogy.

The family / Gao's! Huga and the other from group II from Kai Kai whom I had come to distrust left this morning. It was reported to me that Goma had said they would steal & then we would blame Goma's people. I was just going over to have a talk, when Preamin blew up and rudely drove them out of the staff's camp. David had said they got tired of Bushmen. Glaston I had been thinking over a visitor's fire - decided it wouldn't work at this point - said Bushmen could for the present put out my fire. The staff David & Alan said they understood I wanted to be cordial to Bushmen - that I said I was getting information from them. All this before. So when Preamin blew up next day I knew the group was around my fire. I wanted the friendly so I was glad they walked out. I have no reason to project an imagined distrust of the young man out the whole group.

Before speaking to them I asked Gao if he agreed with us that it would be wise for me to speak to them. explain to us that we could not give food and that he could not. So he would not be held responsible by them - future relations - in-law for not sharing by food. He agreed. I began my talk when Goma came. I said before him, all the group that we were his guests and under his law. Then I said what I have before about my food. They very nicely said they understood that, that they had come to give Gao the message about Huga's illness. to get tobacco & to have their eyes treated. They said they were going home that morning & that cheered me mightily. I gave them heads & tobacco. They (Gao's group II) had left before receiving heads - so I gave them now. It walked apparently very well. The men - pleased on relations seem excellent.

I gave Gao (in my) 5 strings of beads & send to his fiancée - a string each to the other. Our relations with our staff are quite wonderful. Gao has been ceased to look haughty & gleam. He seems now a very nice boy, doing his work very well. Glaston is a dear. Alan & Gao are doing very well. I hear no shouting from Preamin.

Sept 16 Sept 17 August

In the afternoon Gao (Medicine) + I had a talk which Jim 196
too tried to write. It's points were
Gao said Bushmen were not as smart as whites. White had strong
vision artists - may think they were clever to make.
Bushman were weak. They ate food that did not give strength.
I told what I thought were the values in their situation
Gao seemed a different person. Not simple as he seemed
before. It was the first time - Bushman has talked
with me - Not an interview, not joking, a giving gemologies.

Ely + John in the jeep went on a Na gathering
day to film it. Di! ai. Myka Koshop Bai, Gao as well.
Ely is going to have an excellent paper onveldkos,
John was bitten by a scorpion - not a very poisonous one.
Pecanin massaged the bite - as I gona had 20% O's. It came
no illness no severe pain. Luck is still with us.

Wednesday Sept 17 1952

Gao (Med) has a tooth ache. He came while we were having
breakfast to our fire looking very sore in his eyes. Ely + John +
I had a conference. We got out the poultice + the pain medicine
Doc had given. Neither seemed the solution. We tried the
pain medicine on a dab of cotton. Gao thought it made it
worse. We conferred again. Heat + cold hurt the tooth. I suggested
gum from the trees to fill it. Then we thought of wax - had
none no candles. Ely thought some mure and ran to get
a wax crayon. She chose yellow - because // gawa was
said to be yellow by Tame the medicine man at Igau.
She melted some in a can, pressed it into the cavity of
Gao's tooth. I gave 2 aspirin. We hoped for the best.

In the afternoon he was much better. This
evening he was cheerily visiting at # gome's fire.

He says Bushmen never pull out teeth. Sometimes
teeth drop out themselves.

There is no rivalry between Gao and our medicine. I
have explained again and again that our medicine
do not come from // gawa - that I have no power. I say
that our doctors have learned to make some medicine from
things that grow, that they do good to parts of the body
curing them. But they are more in the nature of foods - not
like power from // gawa. That seems to be accepted. People

Come in help in all their ailments. I have explained how
 our doctors have not found medicines for every section -
 that our doctors gave me several kinds - good medicine
 for eyes for instance - but that I do not have medicines
 for all sicknesses. So I do not treat anything I do not
 see. I went further than I planned to when I treated
 Hao's baby for dysentery. He and # Nisa brought her,
 an enchanting baby girl, saying she had almost
 died of dysentery a while ago and was now ill again
 with bloody stools. They had had 2 babies die, they said
 I had forseen just such a moment and had determined
 while in Cambridge, not to undertake any such responsibility.
 But I read the book a while - Merck. and Dr Fin's
 instructions. and broke down. It was sulphur thalium
 I gave figuring as best I could a baby's dose. I crushed
 the tablets in a little bit of water, added some sugar, and fed
 to the baby with a spoon. Hao & Nisa live one across the park
 they stayed home from the week and came at the times I
 told them to for the medicine. It worked like magic
 the baby is perfectly well. They are perfectly happy &
 am relieved. No repercussions have occurred. Our neck holds.

The eye ointment is the most impressive. People cross
 with eyes in a terrible state. filled & stuck together with pus.
 From morning to afternoon they improve miraculously. In 3
 days they are entirely cured.

Joma has had a horrible sore at his waist
 line, with a great lump of infected area as big as an
 egg. He has had them before and has written till they
 broke & squeezed them. He squeezed this one. I began
 to treat it on one of my days of misery and thought I
 just couldn't stand it. I was nauseated. The sore
 was horrible, flies got on it & me. It was terribly
 hot. I'm afraid it is syphilis. But it is better
 now. I suppose they break and heal & flare up again.
 I put aureomycin ointment - & gave him aureomycin
 tablets. I read the book about syphilis. It is beyond my
 resources to try to treat it. I don't know what stage
 & was alarmed by the fact that too little treatment was bad.
 Ah no. A boy has just such a sore too. The boy who

Painter. He with Hao (not ours) from Kai Kai and/or Gna
 guided Lawrence to Kai Kai this time. In a few days
 were back. He was in the truck coming up from getting
 water & his finger got smashed in the door. I dressed
 it. I can face the gashes cuts and abrasions now
 pretty well. After Qui's toe in 1 game, nothing phase me
 in that line. Need after I dressed it, soon but he
 turned yellow - like a beech leaf - and keeled over. We
 lay him down, covered him, gave him hot coffee. His
 pulse was scarcely absent when I first felt it. but
 he recovered after about half an hour.

Jim writing by the fire - under the stars, a
 south east wind is chilly. The night is quiet. Gna
 is asleep. Jim been thinking things over. Jim
 too tired to write fully but want to jot down some
 notes to remind myself of what occurs to me tonight.

One of the mystrie has been the lack of curiosity
 on the part of the Bushmen, the passive acceptance
 of us and our paraphernalia. Maybe I have a guess
 now as to a possible reason, to be tentatively considered.

I put together Gna's remarks about the water hole - that
 when Bushmen do such things they are no good, but the
 white people can do them well. Wata' gao (me) saying that
 Bushmen are stupid and white people smart. There have
 been several remarks that Bushmen are weak / i' gao;
 yesludy. And often they say, we have not been taught these
 things, meaning some other custom (like Federals' harangue
 about names - ~~some~~ may gao so many quis - how do they
 know who is who. I think that Bushmen feel humble
 perhaps inferior. That their reaction is passive acceptance
 they are overwhelmed by us - think our manhood collapses
 are so beyond them that they do not try to examine them.
 There is not so of Team Kho, & Gna's boy - who learned
 to drive the jeep sitting in John's lap. This is the type water etc.
 But on the whole others are passive, resigned. Used to
 accept custom do not try to change. Why will be
 more thinking. As a matter of fact their lives do not include
 much need for struggle - as we see them here. Effort yes - but
 effort is measured to need and is always rewarded. There is
 always need for to be gathered etc. We never fails to get some

They do not have to struggle against anything that I can see. There is enough food & water. They have to go to get it. But they go slowly & peacefully, in company with close friends & relatives. They are not desperately hungry, no hurried. There is little to fear - my sick res. - as I can see it. They have no enemies - now - they used to have and used to have to fight - but no longer. They have not been humiliated or struck & aggression by whites. They used to be enslaved by Bantu speaking peoples but are no longer. There are some who want Simbrotic relations others do not they are free to choose. There are no compulsions that I can see upon them from the outside. At this period of their history they can take care of themselves. Over the area of /gam and Gauscha, Kai Kai & cigarette where their contacts are - they have relatives & friends everywhere.

If protection is in force, no thieving only gentle loving contacts has any thing to do with character and not developing attitudes of the world being against them & the need to struggle & fight. The protection & gentleness is so marked it may be the answer.

But they feel inferior - Does that go with mildness, gentleness? Khuan Va at /gam said //gawa did not give them gardens. The idea that we struggled to make a garden was not expressed, lack of experimenting - trying dif. ways & cook or a. Eliz notices so much.

Thurs Sept 18 1952

199

I am miserable again. I feel fairly well Monday, a little low Tuesday, lower Wednesday and today very low. I am discouraged, depressed, weary beyond expression. I am soiled. I hate myself, I hate everything, even the wind which is tearing at the tent. But I don't hate the tent. What a refuge it is, groaning and twisting in the wind. I've tied down the flaps and shut myself in.

Elizabeth is ill again today too. She has the bladder trouble, and is taking Elkosin. (Name + Picanin have dysentery & are taking 10c. of opium and sulphathiazol). John feels so, so, is coughing just as badly as ever. He has gone hunting. Eli is interloping on a new kind of medicine. I'm supposed to be working on my notes on kinship terms. Instead I lay down & almost cried. I'd like to scream.

On days when I am not so nauseated I try to stuff myself with food. Today the thought of food makes me gag. I'm feeling very sorry for myself.

But it is not hot and the general relationships are good. Eli is getting a wonderful lot of dope and so is John on medicine & hunting. Bless their hearts. They struggle on - becoming dedicated themselves.

I think about Lawrence struggling in wind back about tents and things. I mind those reparations despite.

I forget what I've put down in this miserable journal and have not the energy or desire to look back.

I had a talk with /qui (Viggo's husband father of the girl) about distribution of meat. He was quiet, intent upon understanding & answering my questions - very shy but just saying he did not know if he could answer. The interview made more sense than any has on this subject, and fitted the observations I had on the quidde distribution.

I asked if Bushmen ever ate without sharing meat they had hunted, killed. Thinking of the Serons eating secretly at night. He said that was not the Bushman law. I said some times somebody broke the law. He said that would be like a lion to kill and eat alone. What would they do if a Bushman did such a thing. They would teach him manners by not giving him any meat when they had it. They might even drive him away to live with other people. They would have a council. all the people together to take these decisions. Did they ever know a person to do that? Did they ever have such a council? No, they never knew a Bushman who ate like this.

Today everyone has departed except 1 woman 19asa, from Gas's group.

Did I see Gas's (helmet) group moved up to our hills yesterday? They said they came because they were too far across the pan. I heard they had asked Foma's permission, and put themselves under his law. They have settled just at his next. an extension of it. Last night the added fires were very pretty & cozy. ~~John & I~~ visited.

We gave Foma a piece of wire for arrows! Gas had told me his arrows were all spent. He had to borrow. Then the meat is not his & central - as the hunter control it. It must go to the man whose arrows he borrows. Foma did not ask us for wire.

Elif, says they are still eating gnaffe skin.

Foma's sister! Nuga & her husband! Gas's baby left to Kulu & Kai Kai after their visit. Nuga (Nup Ka) went with them to bump